National Oceanography Centre

Investigating the biological carbon pump in the northern Benguela upwelling system oxygen deficient zone

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IUGC2024

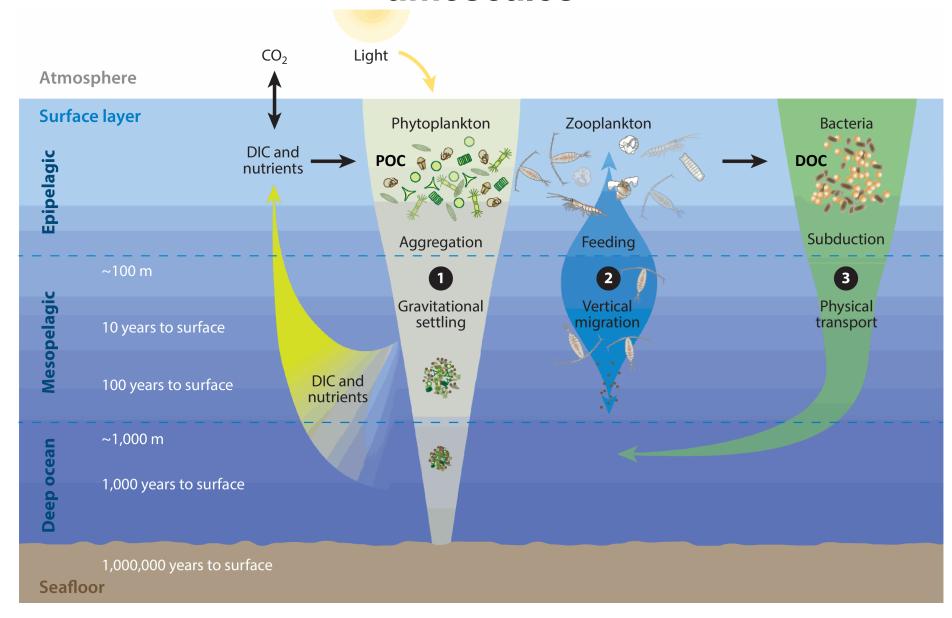




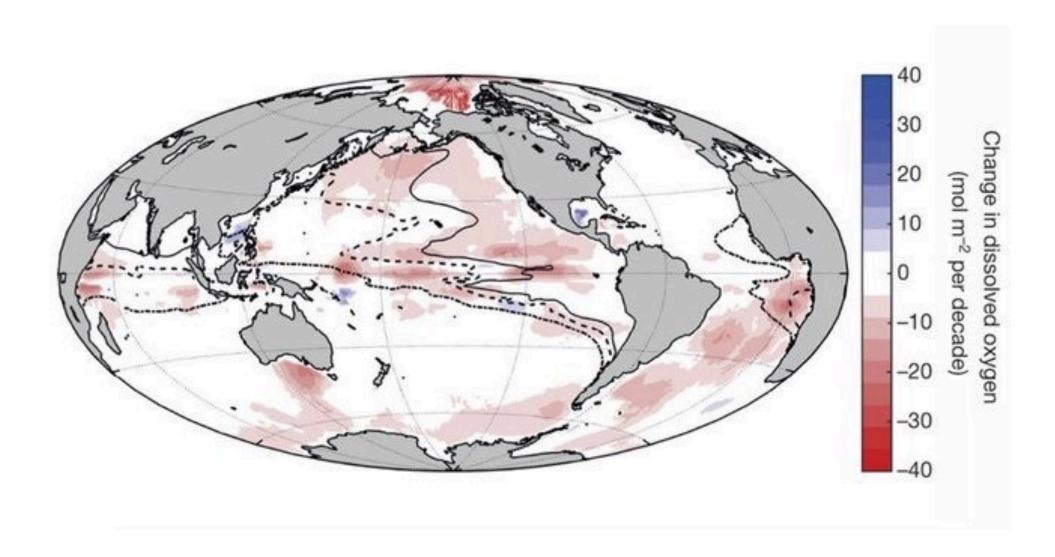
Natural Environment Research Council

European Research Council
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The biological carbon pump sequesters carbon on anthropogenic timescales

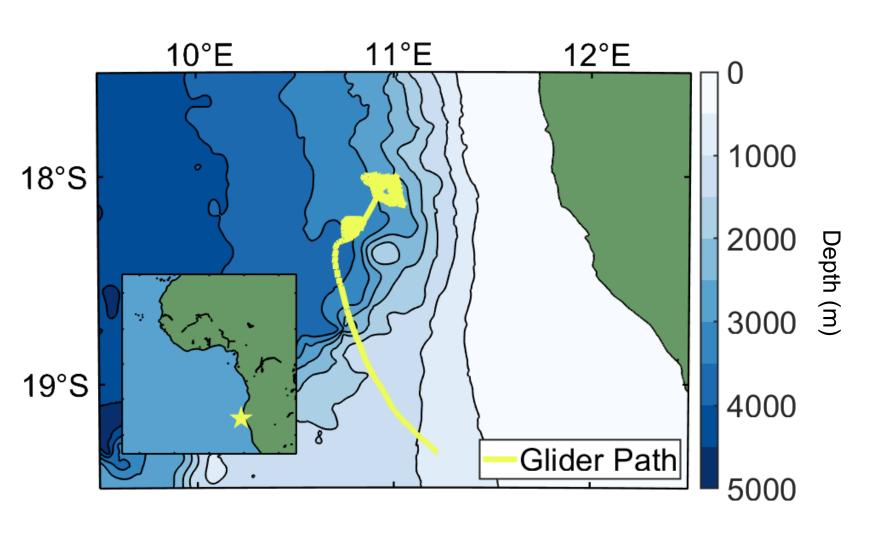


Globally, ocean oxygen concentrations are decreasing

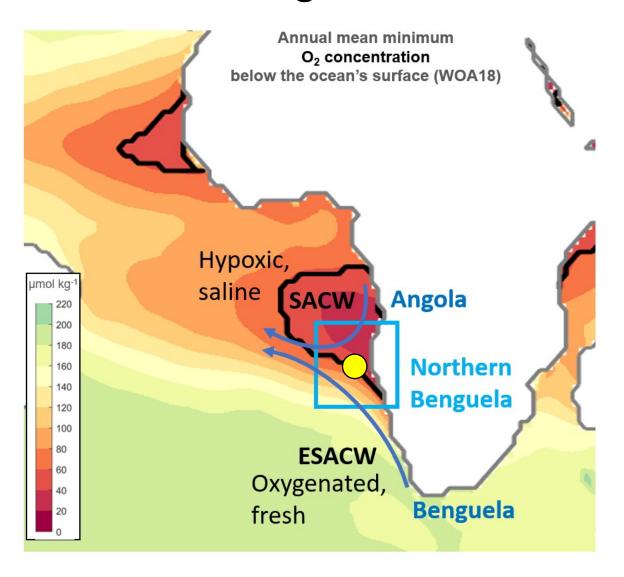


The northern Benguela Upwelling system is under sampled

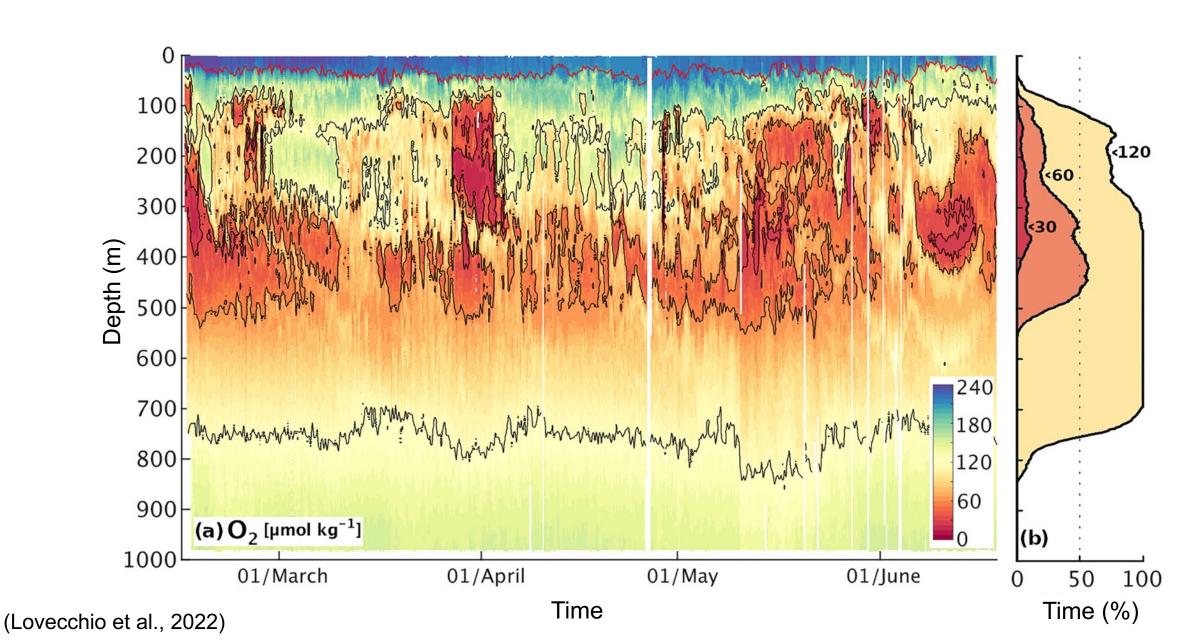
- 4 month glider deployment
- ~12 km sided triangular path
- ~ 4 profiles per day
- ~100 km offshore



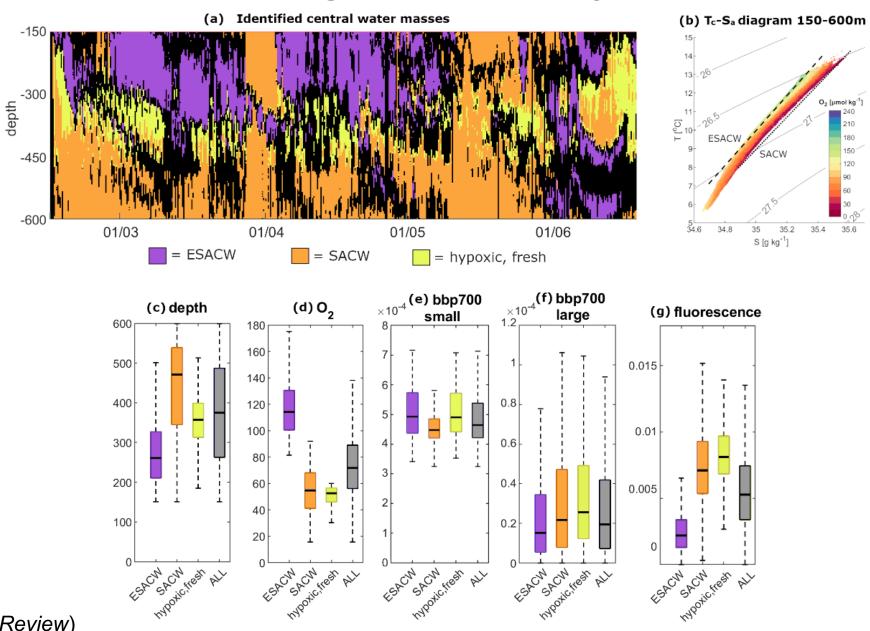
Confluence of currents leads to dynamic hydrography in the Northern Benguela



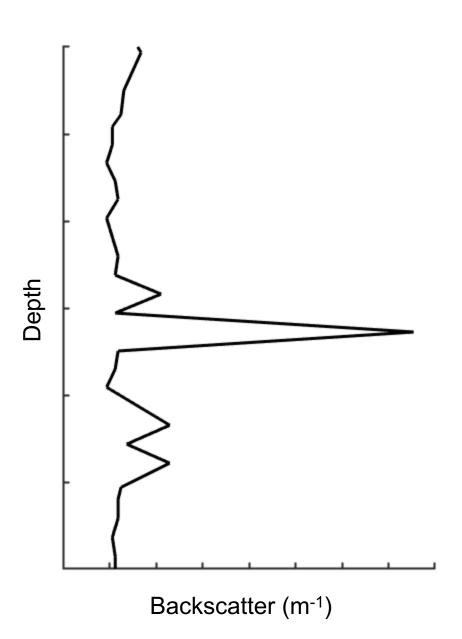
Highly variable, sub-monthly O₂ fluctuations

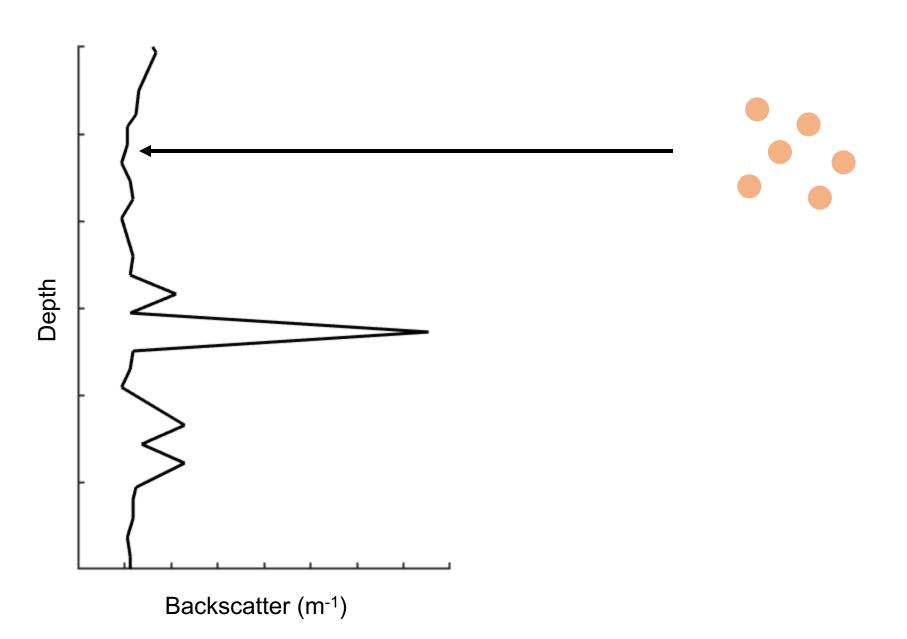


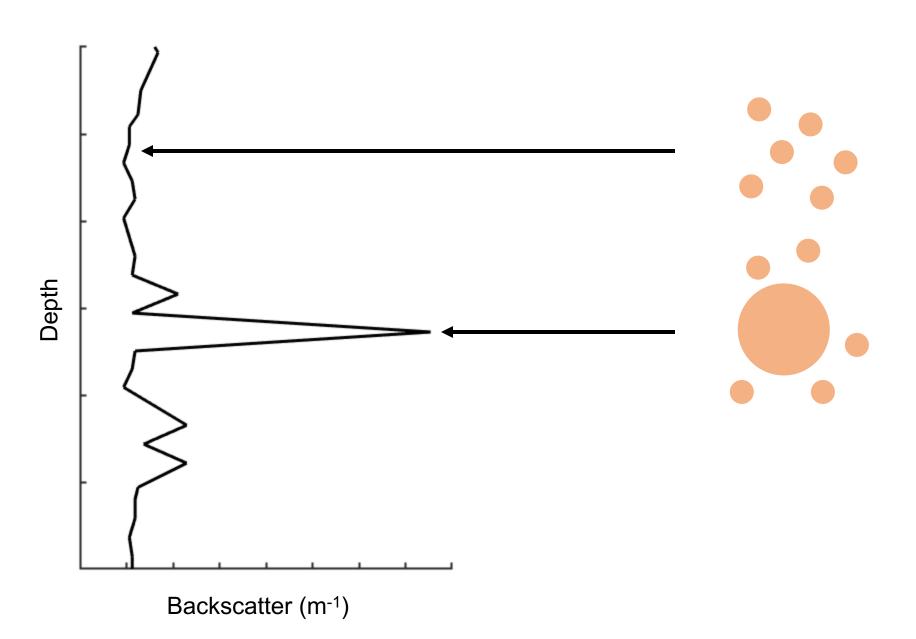
Backscatter signal is markedly consistent

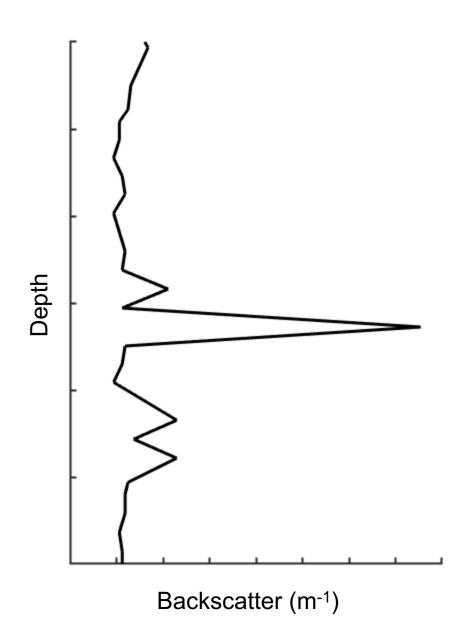


(Lovecchio et al., In Review)











Deep Sea Research Part I: Oceanographic Research Papers

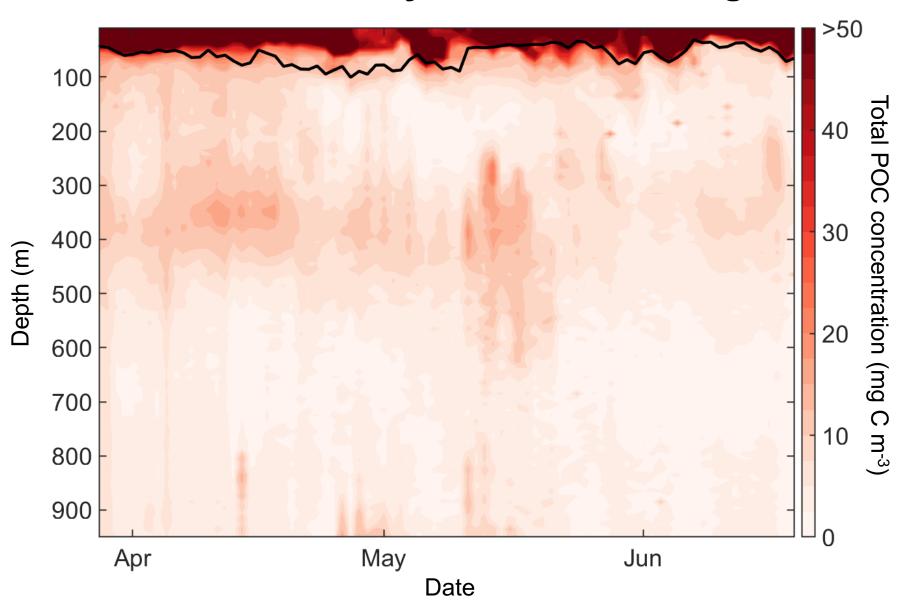


Volume 58, Issue 10, October 2011, Pages 1031-1039

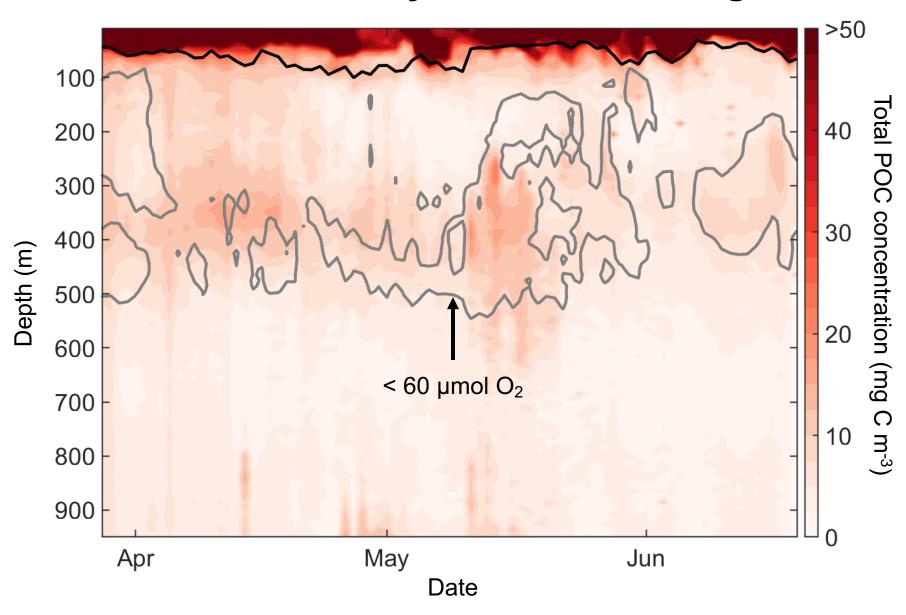
High-resolution observations of aggregate flux during a sub-polar North Atlantic spring bloom

<u>Nathan Briggs</u> ^a ○ Mary Jane Perry ^a, <u>Ivona Cetinić</u> ^a, <u>Craig Lee</u> ^b, <u>Eric D'Asaro</u> ^b, Amanda M. Gray ^b, Eric Rehm ^b

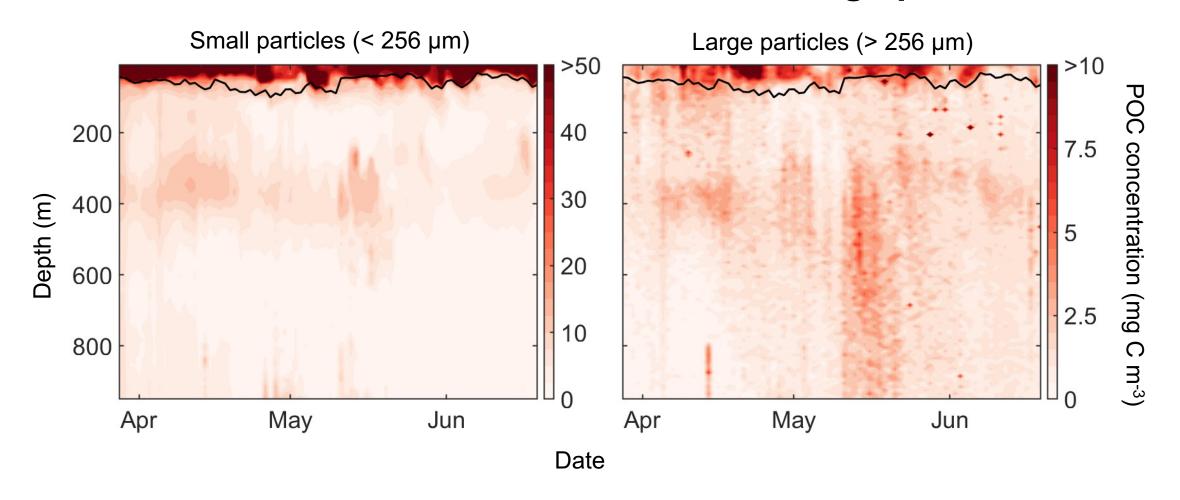
An intermediate layer of POC in Benguela



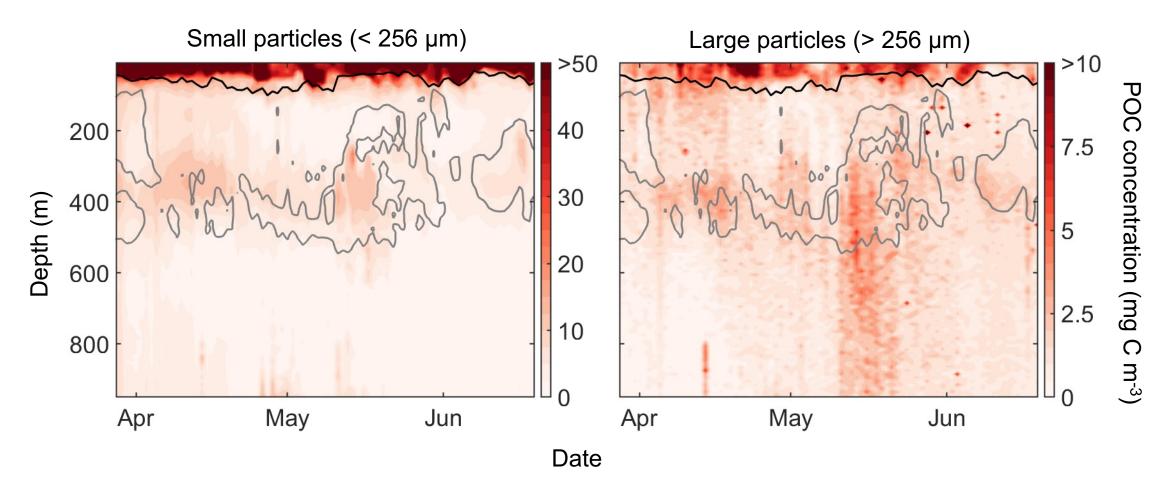
An intermediate layer of POC in Benguela



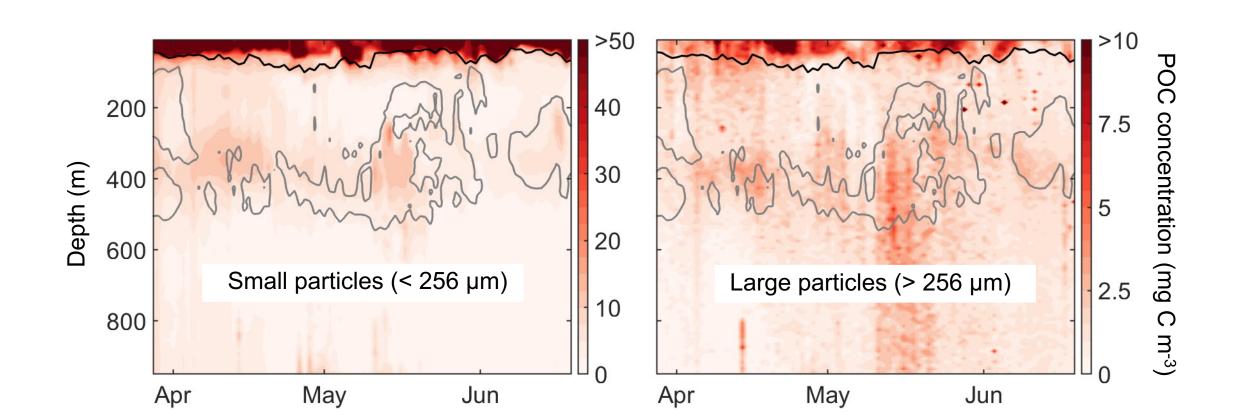
POC contribution from both small and large particles



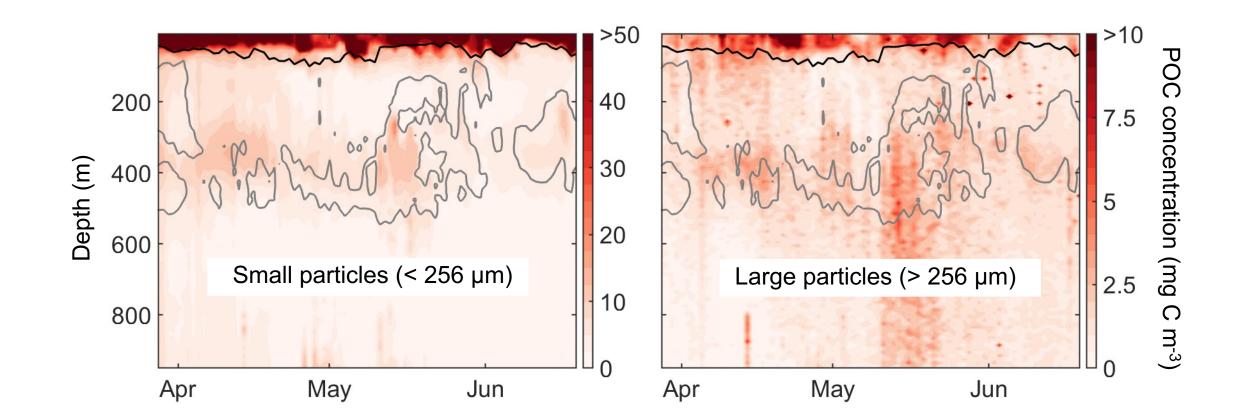
POC concentrations increase by 4 mg C m⁻³ in the upper mesopelagic



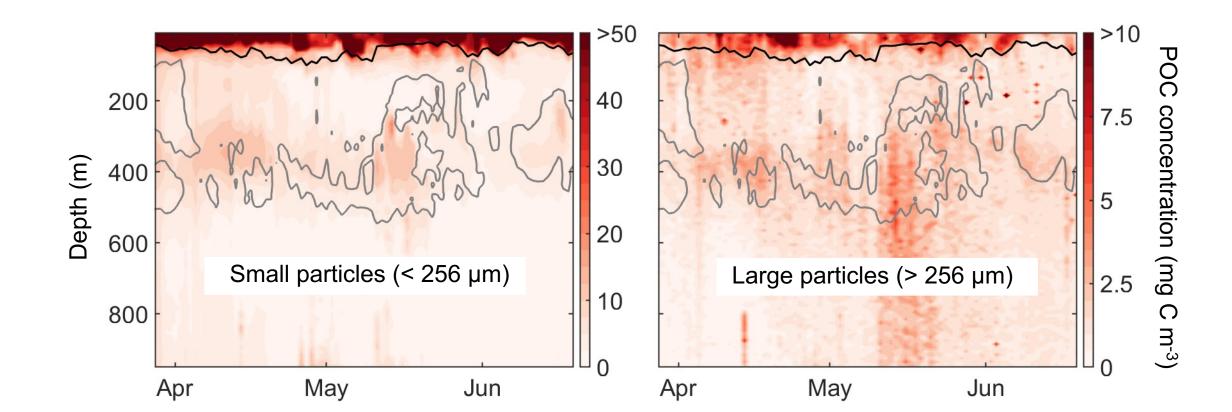
Intermediate layer is present in both oxic and hypoxic states, composed of both small and large particles.



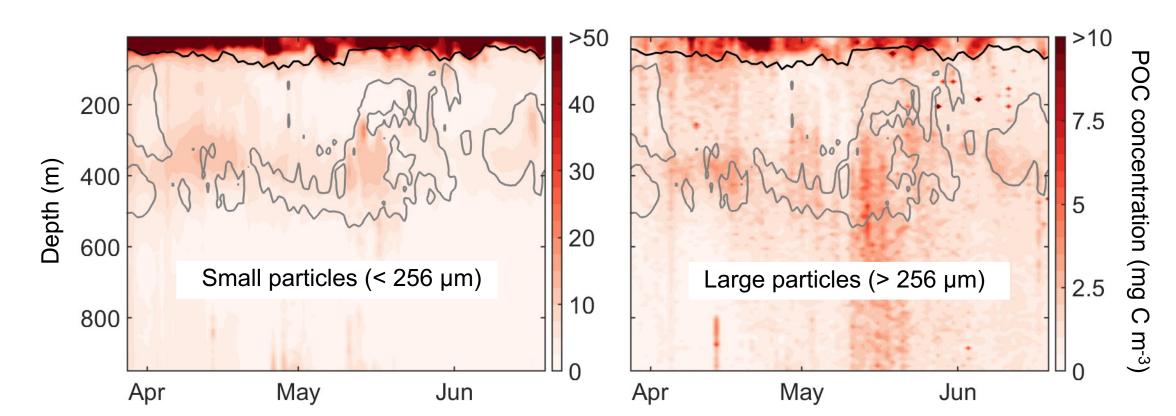
Lateral advection/subduction of sinking POC?



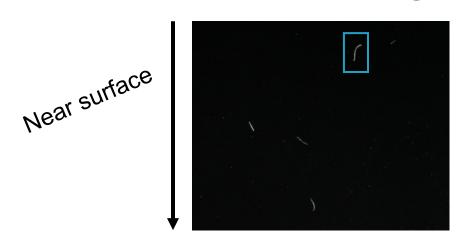
- Lateral advection/subduction of sinking POC?
 - Resuspension of shelf material?

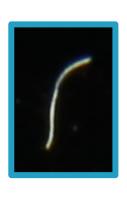


- Lateral advection/subduction of sinking POC?
 - Resuspension of shelf material?
 - Biological activity in the mesopelagic?



P-CAM images suggest a biological explanation



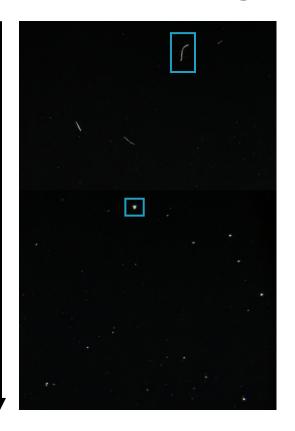


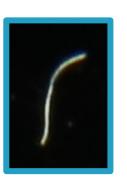
 Faecal pellets in near surface

P-CAM images suggest a biological explanation

Near surface

Nesopelagic (100-300 m)







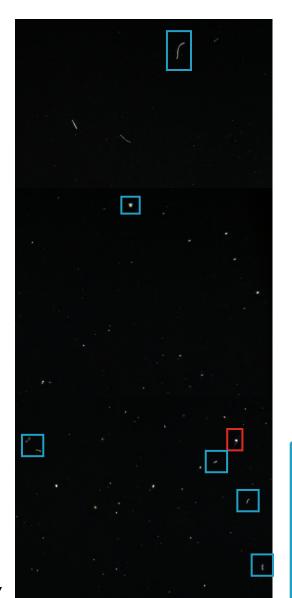
- Faecal pellets in near surface
- Aggregates in upper mesopelagic

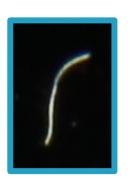
P-CAM images suggest a biological explanation

Near surface

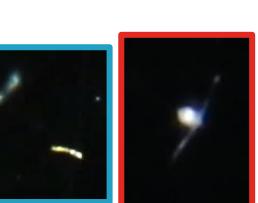
Nesopelagic (100-300 m)

Mesopelagic (300-500 m)



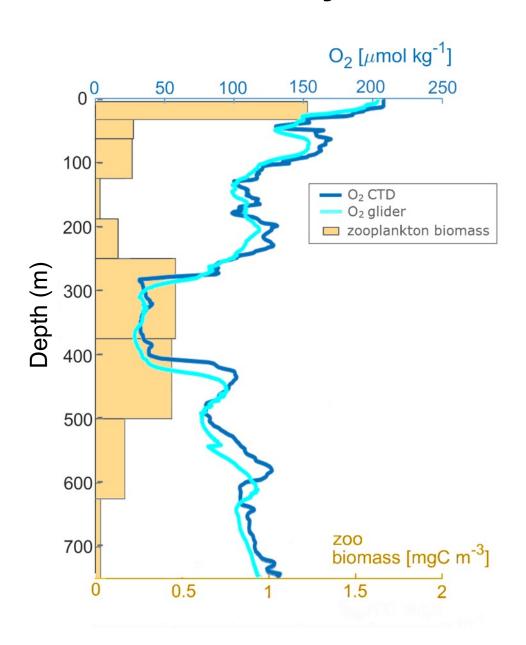






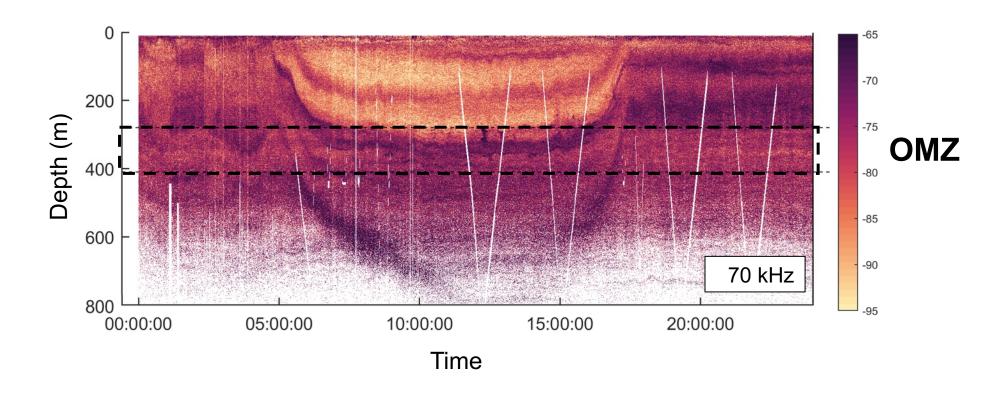
- Faecal pellets in near surface
- Aggregates in upper mesopelagic
- Zooplankton, faecal pellets, and aggregates in mid mesopelagic

Resident zooplankton community within intermediate layer



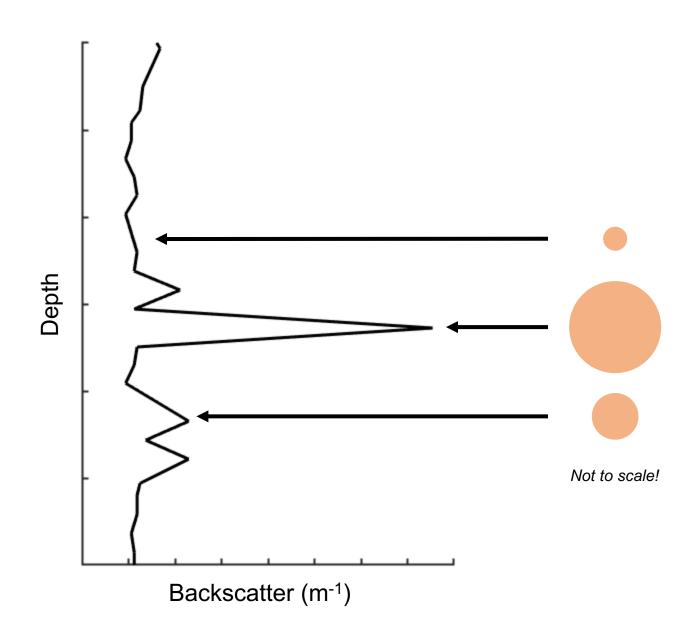
Sustained by larger diel vertical migrators





What does this mean for POC flux?

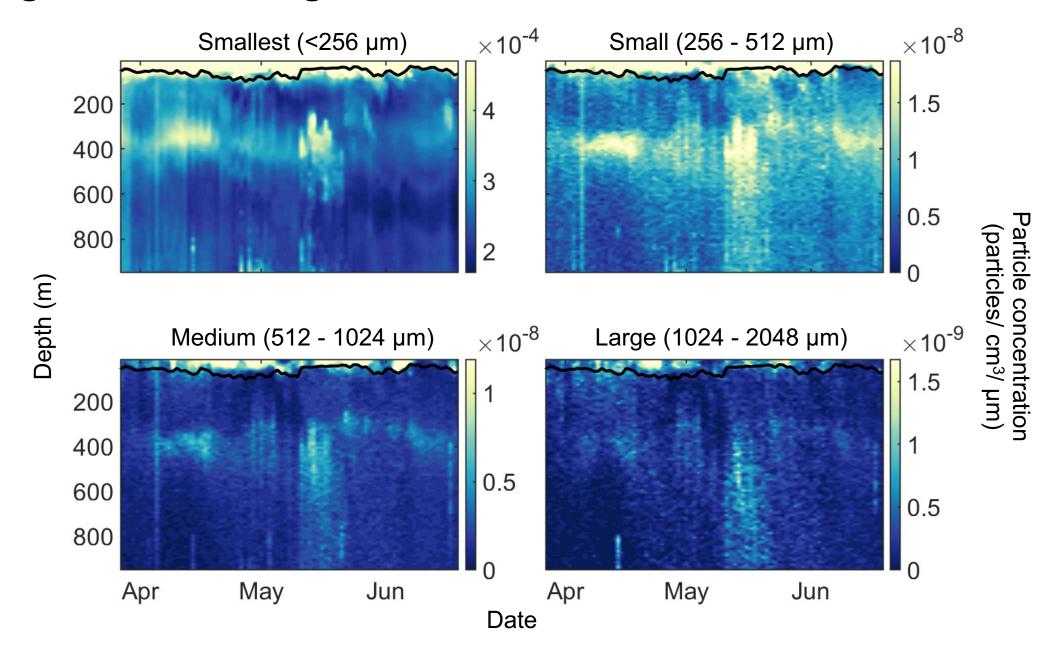
Additional size classes can be resolved from backscatter signal



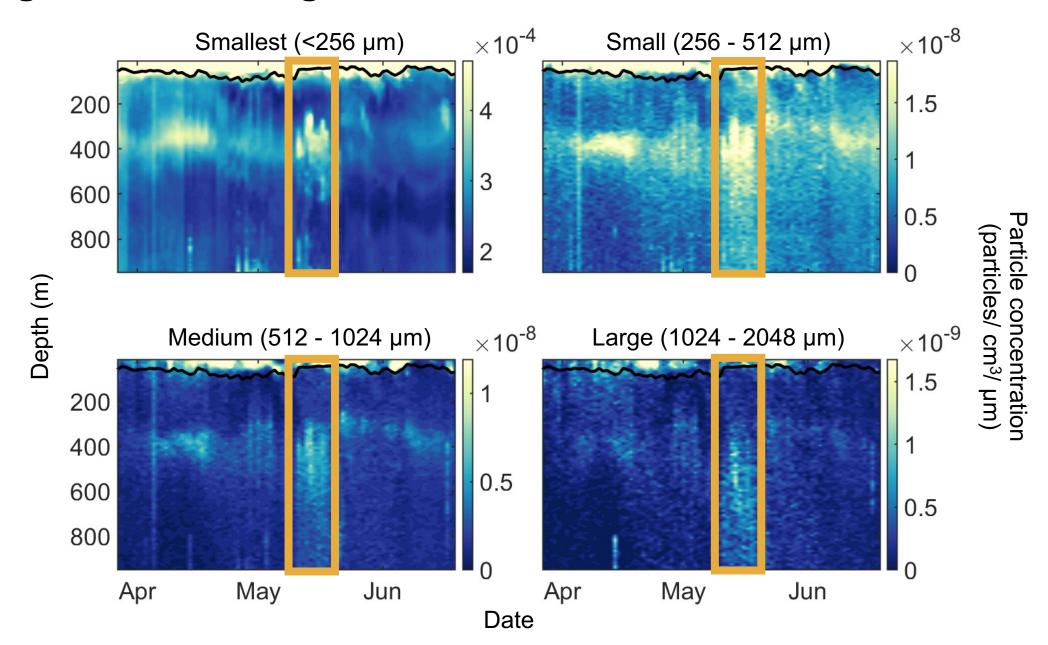
 Relate spike height, to equivalent spherical diameter

Method in development, Nathan Briggs

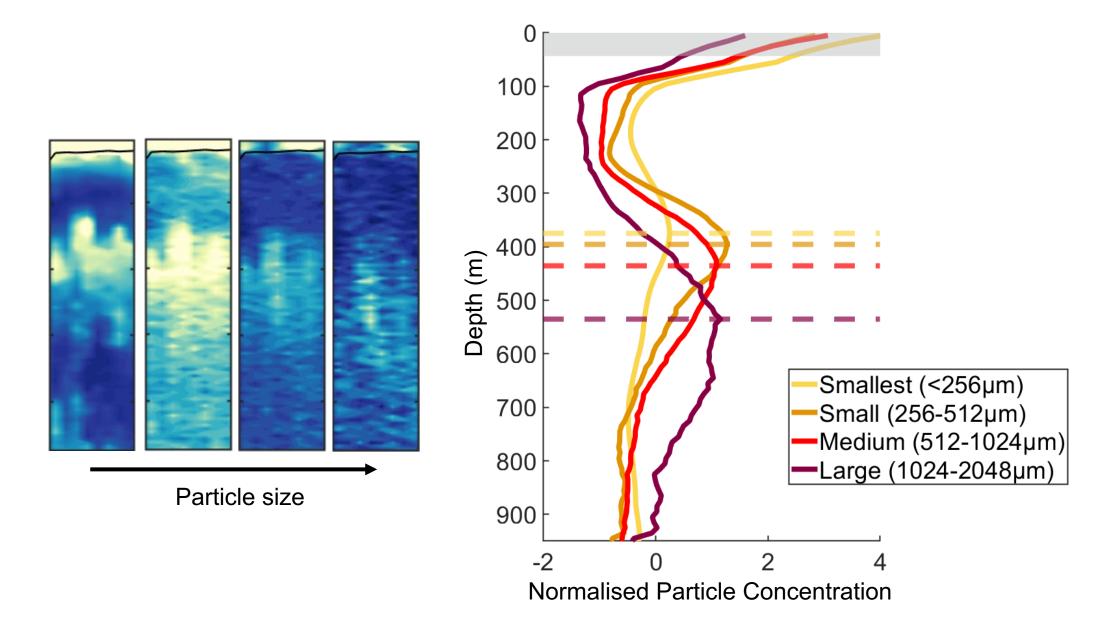
Splitting backscatter signal reveals structure of the intermediate layer



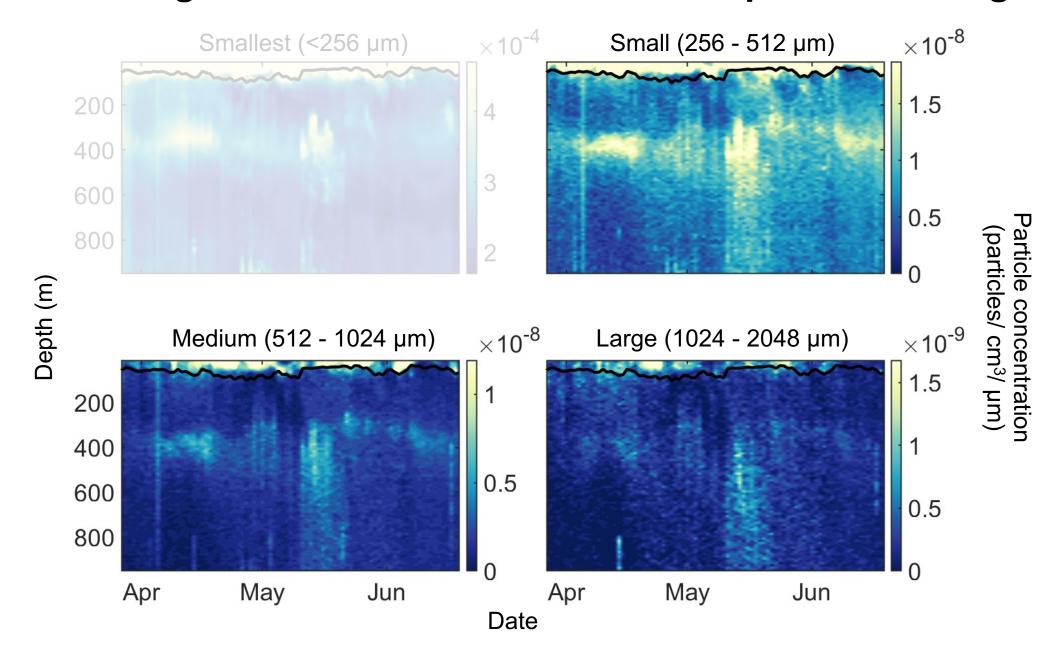
Splitting backscatter signal reveals structure of the intermediate layer



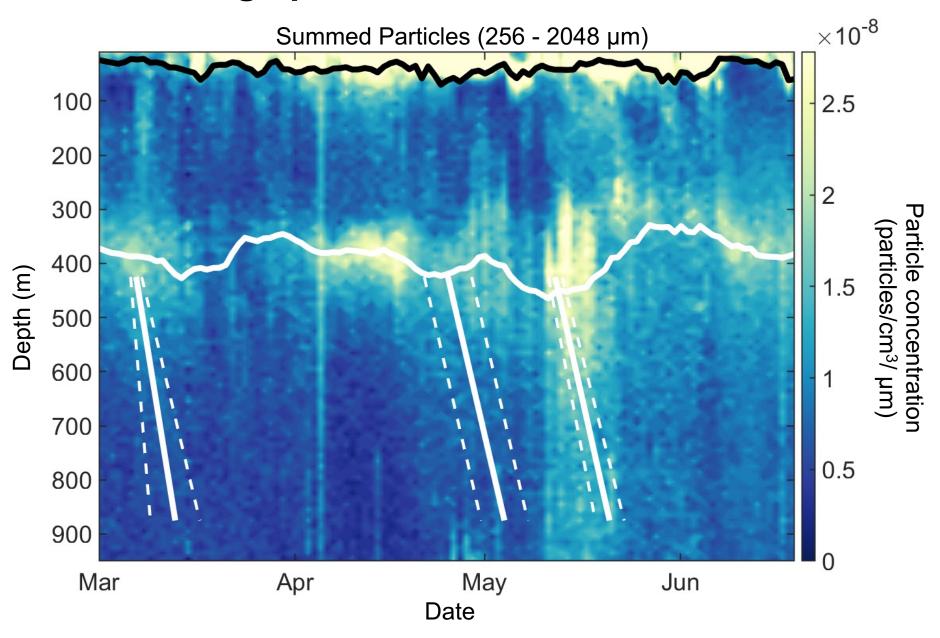
Layering of particle sizes inconsistent with particle fragmentation



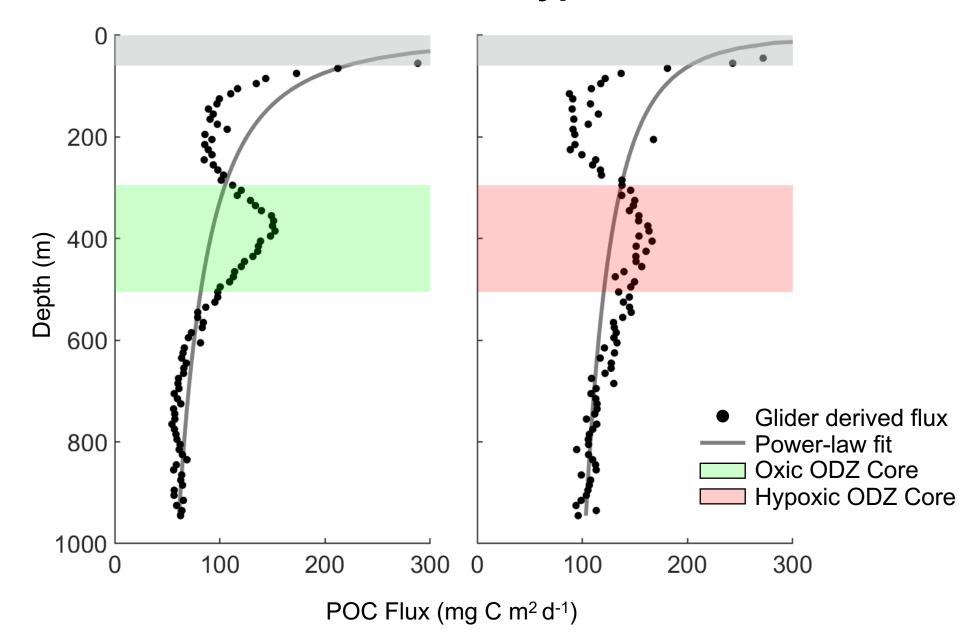
Three large size classes are summed for plume tracking



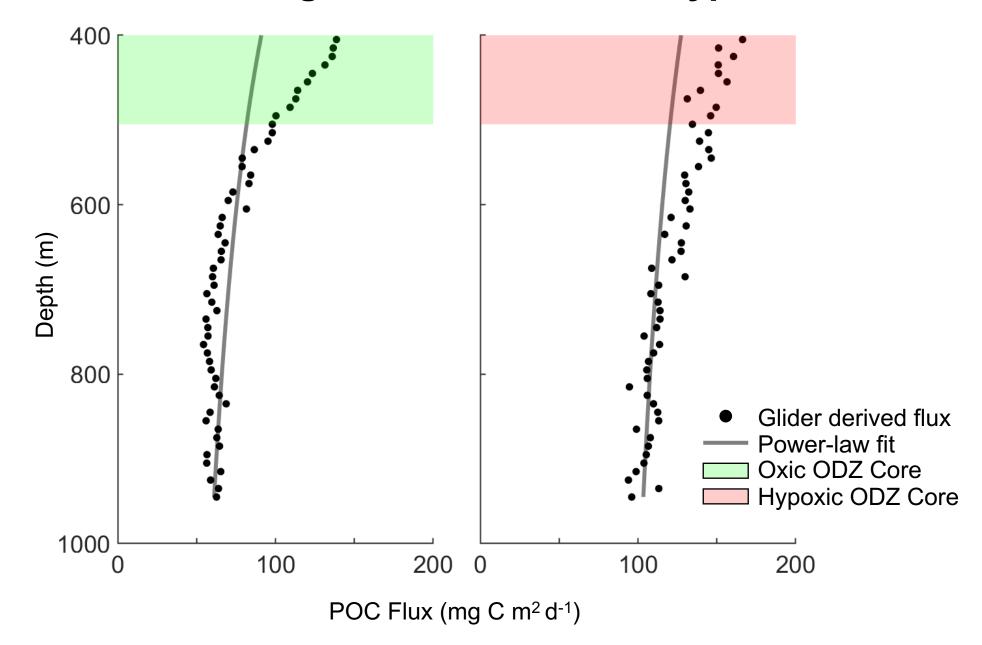
Large particles sink at ~60 m/d



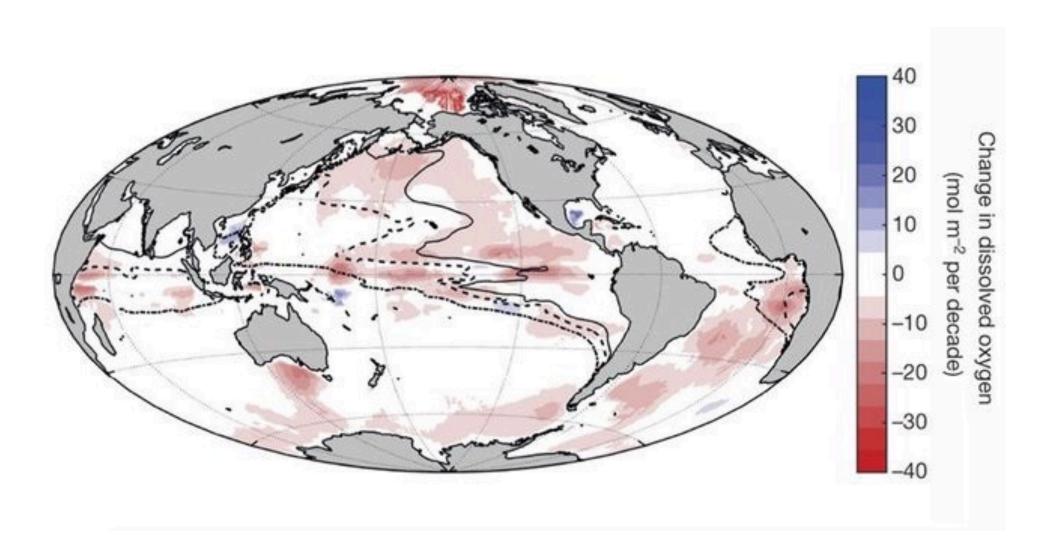
Flux attenuation is lower in hypoxic ODZ states



Total POC flux reaching 1000 m doubles in hypoxic ODZ state

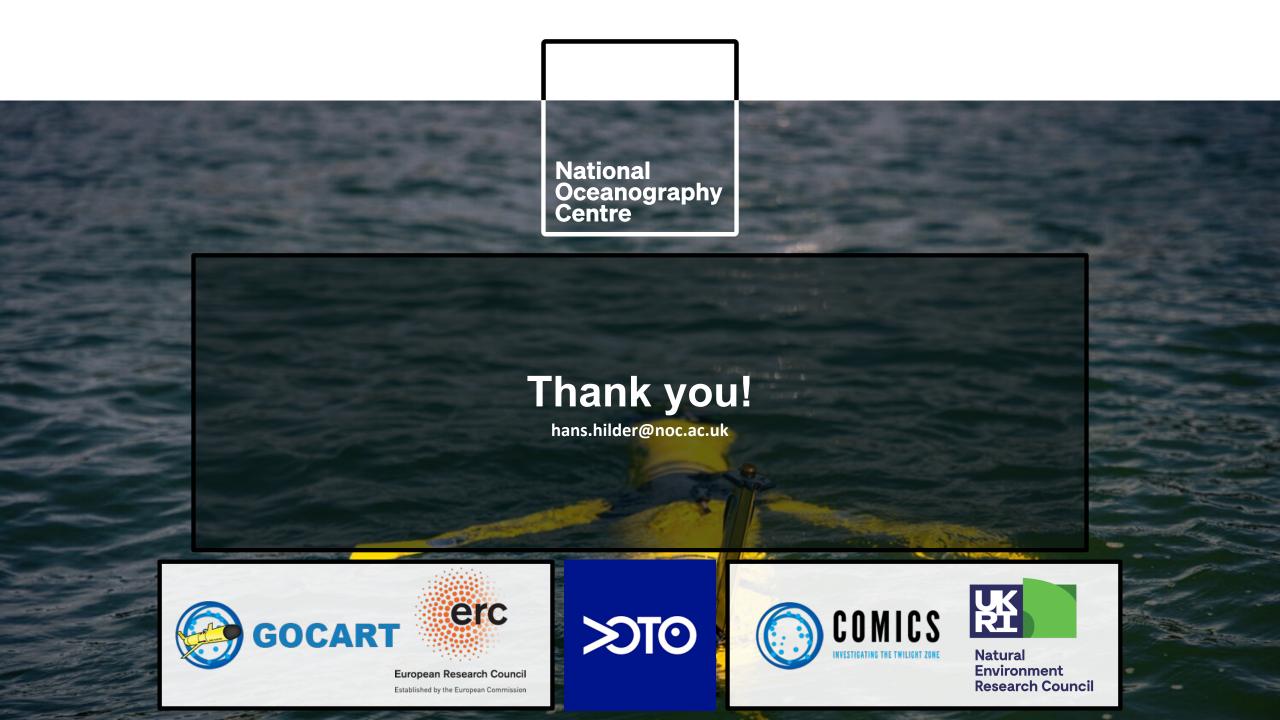


Will enhanced ODZs see enhanced POC export?

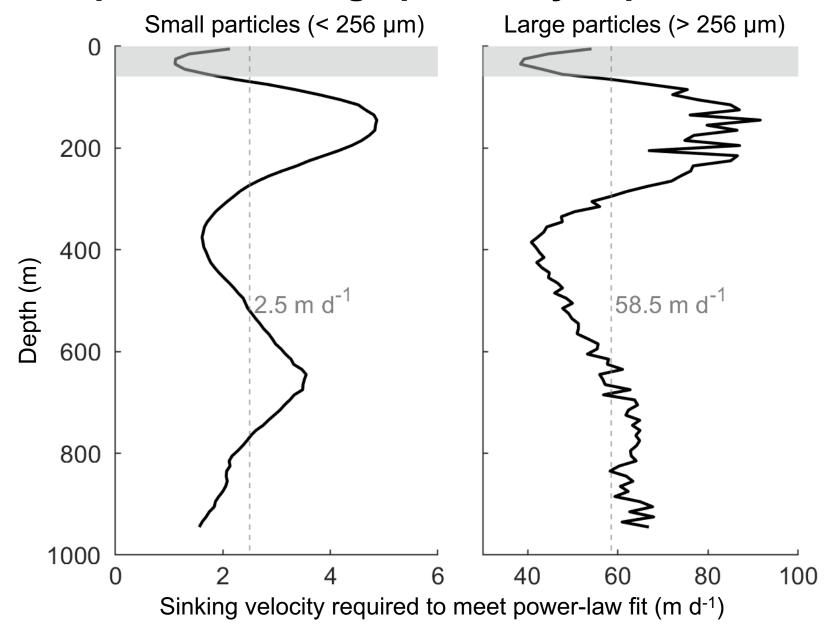


Summary

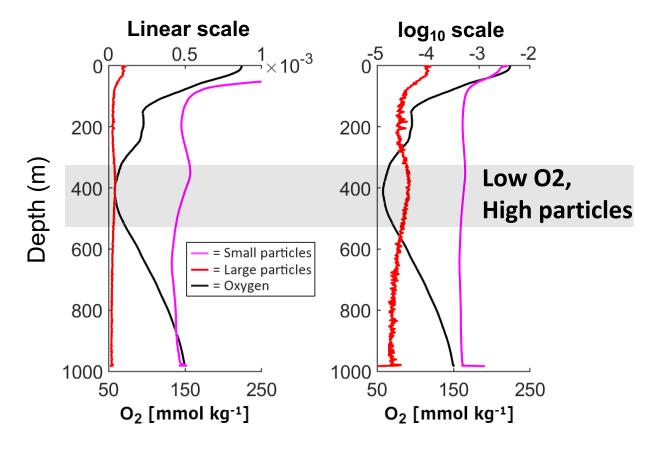
- Persistent intermediate nepheloid layer present in the northern Benguela upwelling system
- Difficult to explain through physics alone, mediated by biological community
- Hypoxia in ODZ core associated with an increase in POC flux at depth

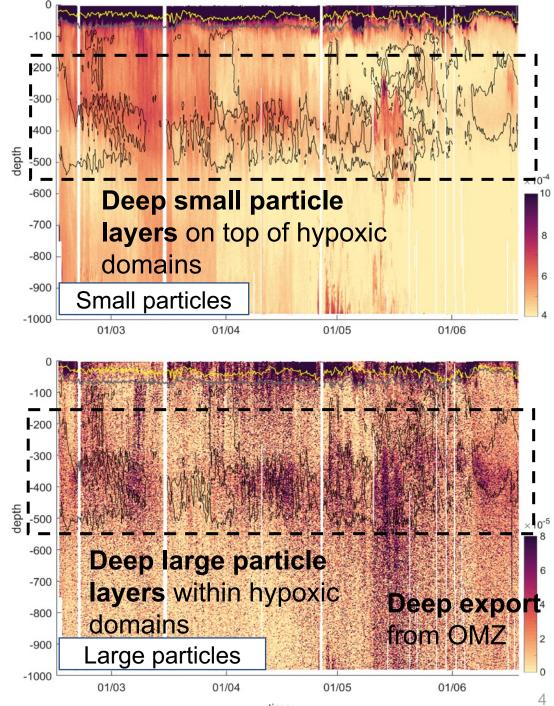


Variations in particle sinking speed may explain "increasing" flux

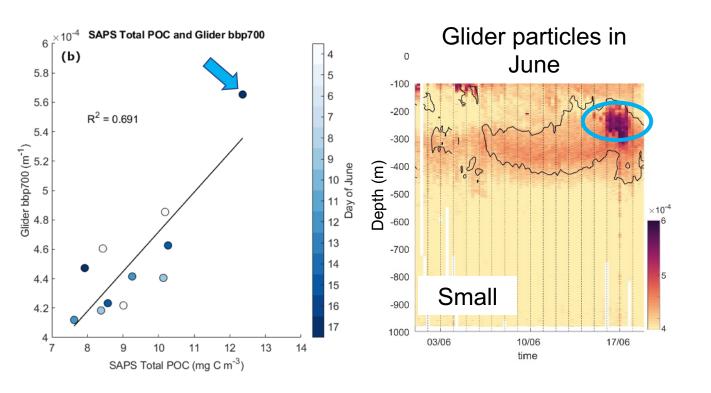


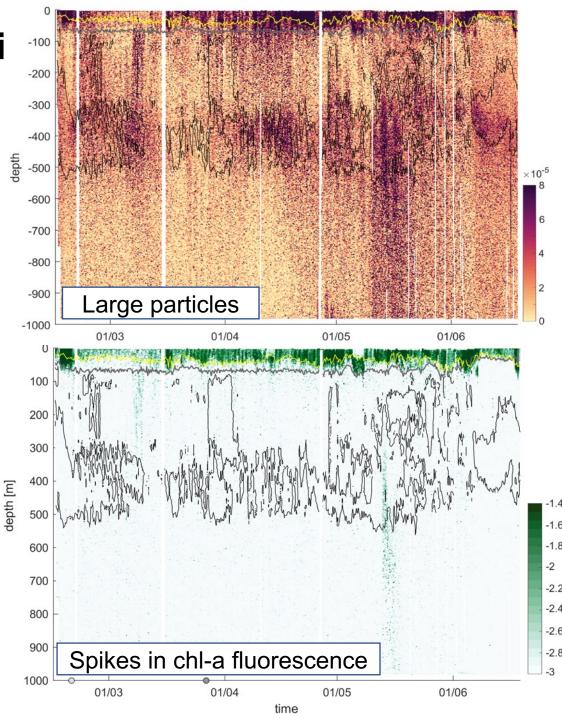
Mean profiles



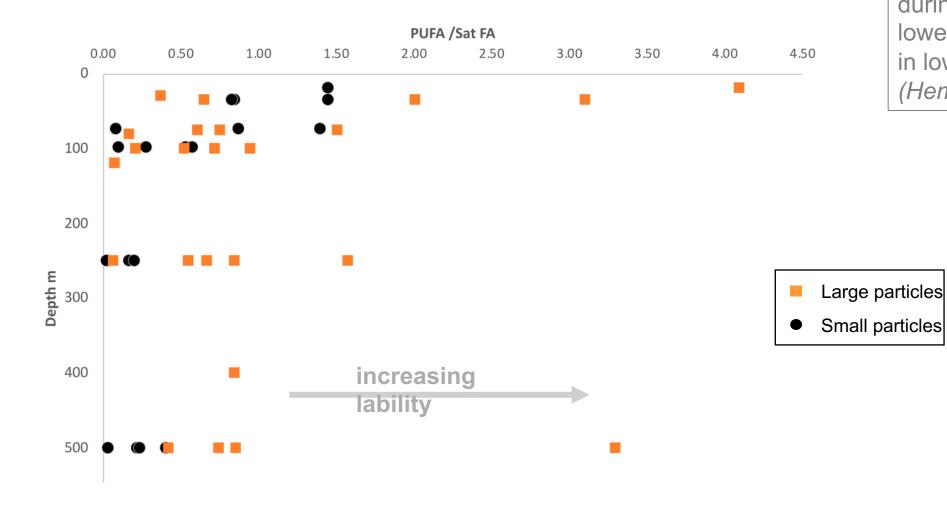


Organic properties of backscatter parti





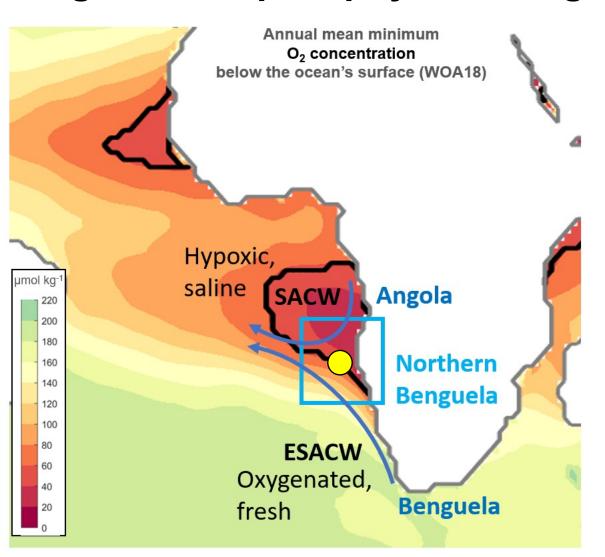
POM properties - organic geochemistry data



Also:

Incubation experiments during the same cruise: lower respiration rates in lower oxygen waters (Hemsley et al. 2023)

Regional coupled physical-biogeochemical model, 3.2 km resolution

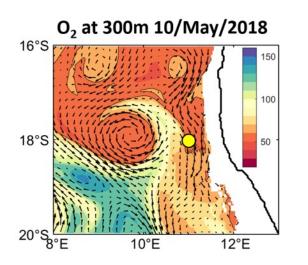


References for the currents scheme:

[1] Boyer et al., 2000, doi: 10.1016/S0025551-326X(00)00106-5

[2] Morholtz et al., 2008 doi: 10.1016/j.csr.2007.10.001

[3] Sigfried et al., 2019, doi: 10.1371/journal.pone.0210083

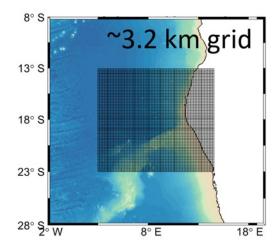


Run Feb-Jun 2018 (ERA5, GLORYS, ...)

Day mean output

Physical model: ROMS

Shchepetkin & McWilliams 2006



Biogeochemical model:

BEC-ETH

- 3 Phytoplankton (diat, diaz, small phy)
- 1 Zooplankton
- 2 Detritus (explicit sinking)
- BCG cycling: C, N, P, Si, Fe, O₂

Frischknecht et al. 2018 Moore et al. 2013

Lateral advection/subduction of sinking POC

