Using

OCEAN GLIDER OBSERVATIONS

 $To \ Assess$

UPWELLING & HYPOXIA

on the

NORTHERN NEW JERSEY COAST

... CURRENT PROGRESS

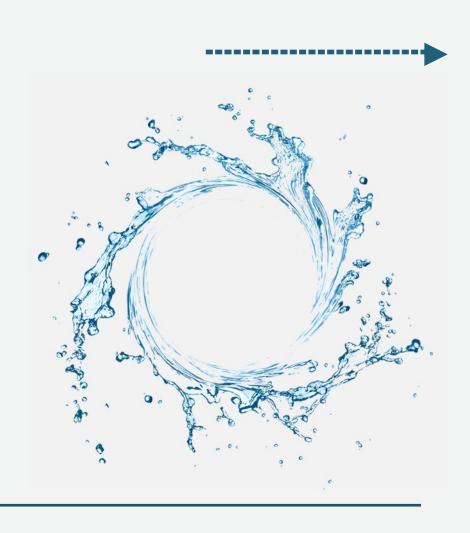
Kate Tremblay

Major Advisor: Dr. Wendell Brown

Assistance: Rich Arena



Organization



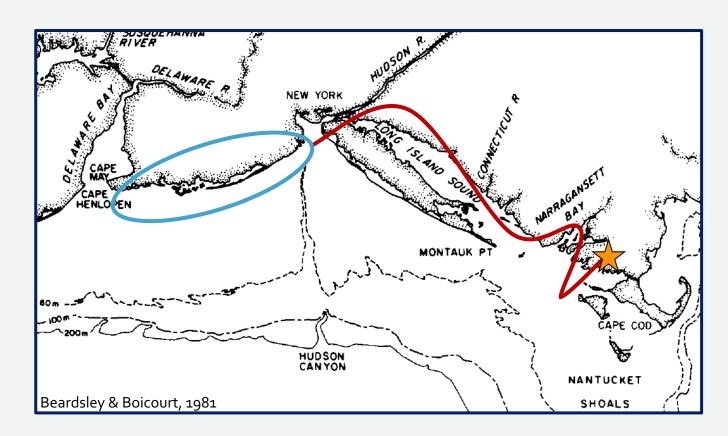
- A Lil Bit of History
- Research Goals
- Data / Approach
- Current Progress

(My) Background

The straight & narrow path from MA to NJ..

Gliders, Hypoxia, & Upwelling... Oh My!

What's...
hypoxia?
its locations?
its frequency?
its precursors?



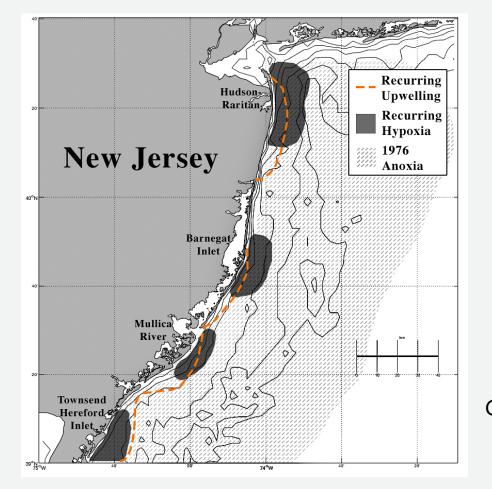
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What's...

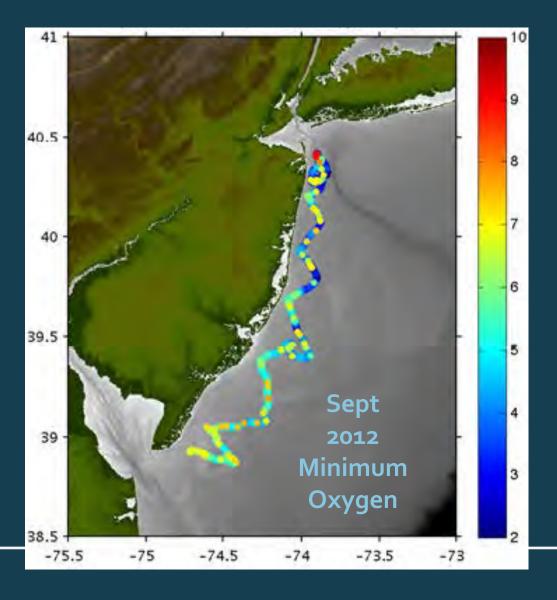
hypoxia? its locations? its frequency? its precursors?



Warsh et al. ('87) Glenn et al. ('96, '04)

- < 4.8 mg/L DO
- 4 main areas on the NJ Coast
- Multiple times per summer
- Upwelling & Phyto-blooms

<u>Context</u>



Kohut et al. ('14)

EPA Glider Runs Northern hypoxia

Questions for RU28: September 2013

- 1. Do we see <u>upwelling</u> and/or <u>hypoxia</u> in Sept. 2013?
- 2. Do <u>wind</u> and <u>SST</u> data indicate upwelling conditions?
- 3. And about that .. <u>Cold Pool</u>!
 - What is the role of the Cold Pool in this process?



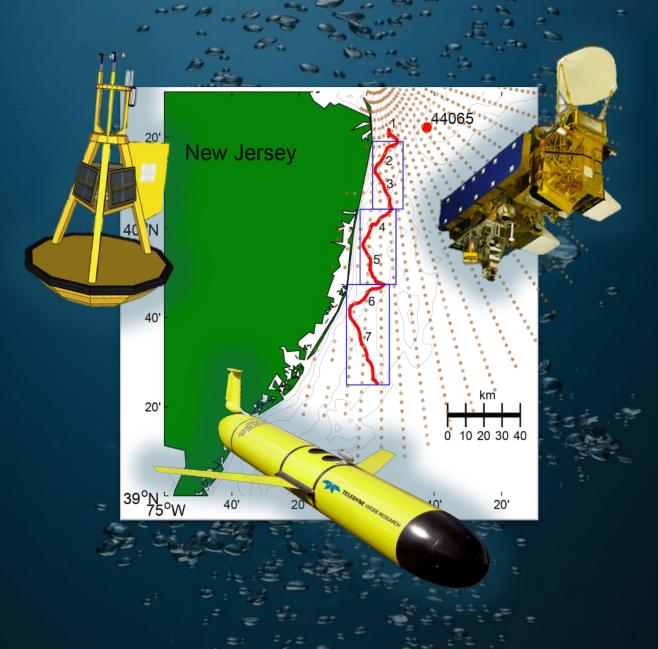
\underline{Data}

 $Gliders, RU28! \\ Timeline - 1^{st} 7 legs \\ Uplifted thermocline (CTD) \\ < 4.8 \, mg/L (Optode) \\ Cold Pool - 8-10 \, C$

Buoy Wind!
Upwelling winds (NE)

 $Satellite\ SST!$ Cold Front at Surface

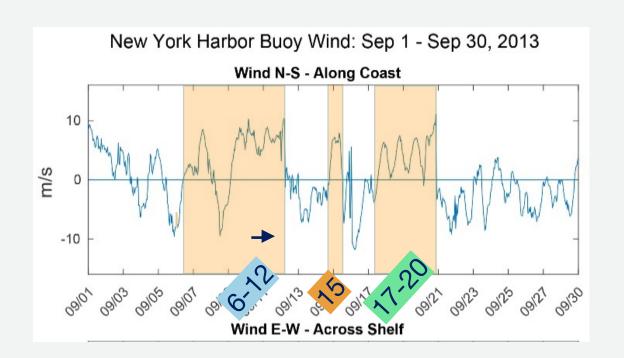
CODAR!
Surface Currents



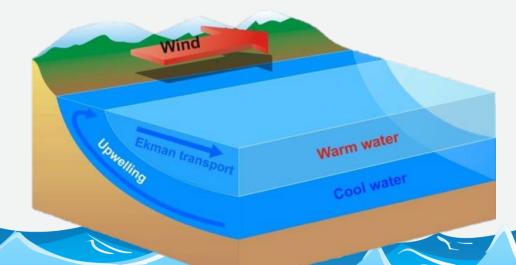
Wind - NBDC

Confirmed northeastward winds!

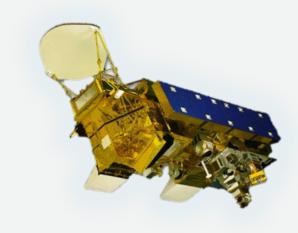
One extended event, a brief pulse, oscillation.



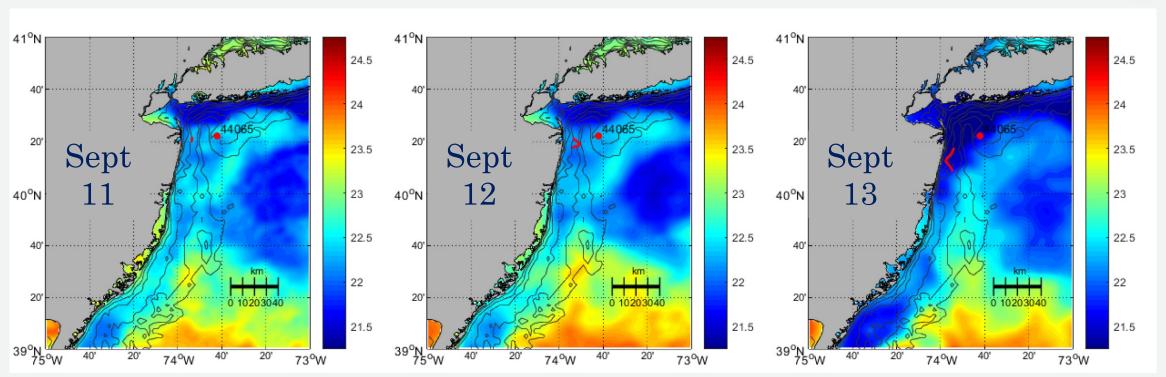




Sea Surface Temperature

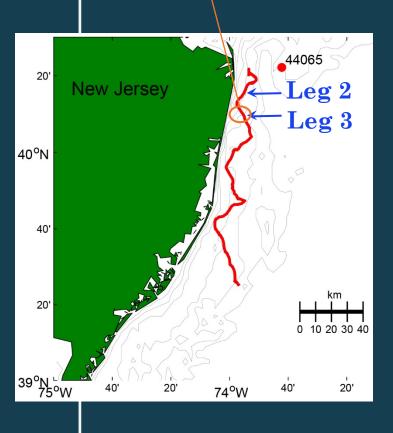


Cold Surface Patch Prior to Glider Launch



RU28: Leg 2-3 Sept 12-14

Raised Bathymetry



-20

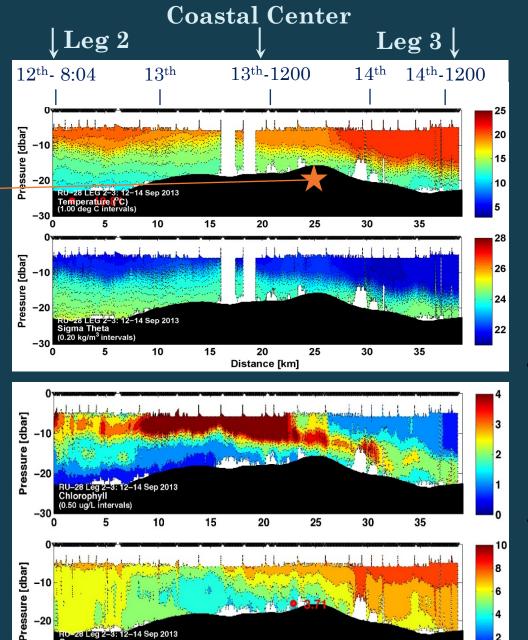
HU-28 Leg 2-3: 12-14 Sep 2013 Oxygen

10

15

Distance [km]

30



Observations

Temperature

Temp-min – 10.8°C Uplifted thermocline

Density

Uplifted pycnocline

Chlorophyll-a

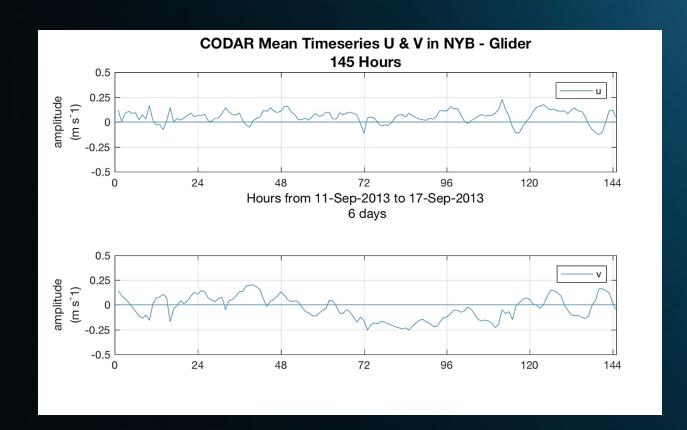
Near Surface Aggregation

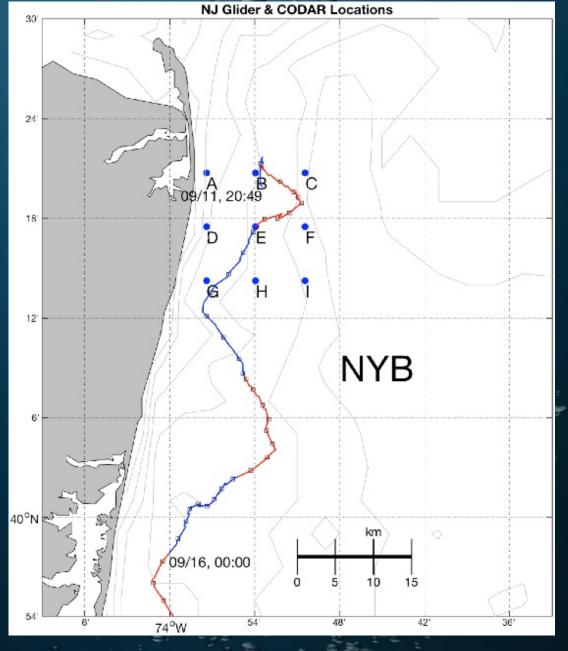
Dissolved Oxygen

Oxy min -3.71 mg/L Hypoxia!

CODAR

9 Grid Locations

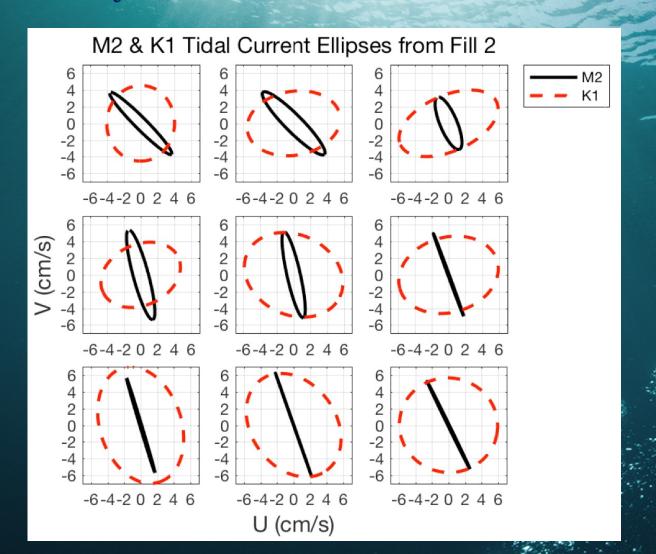


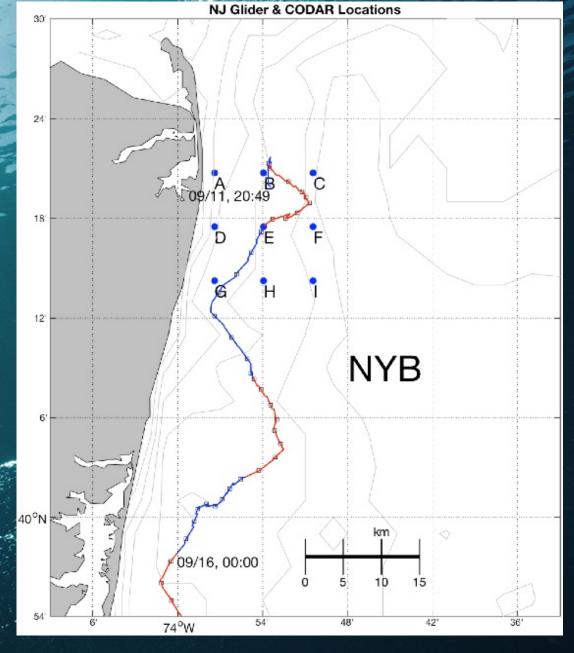


520

CODAR

Tidally Driven - M2 & K1

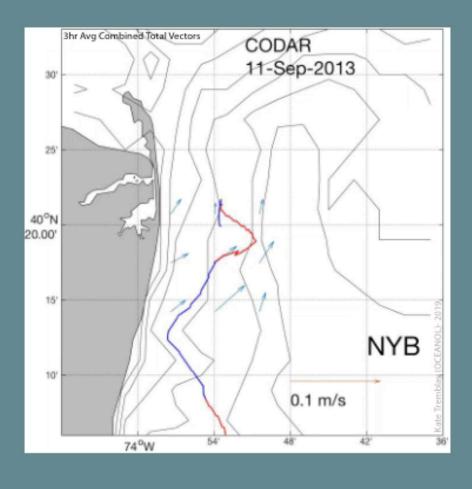




CODAR

Residual Currents

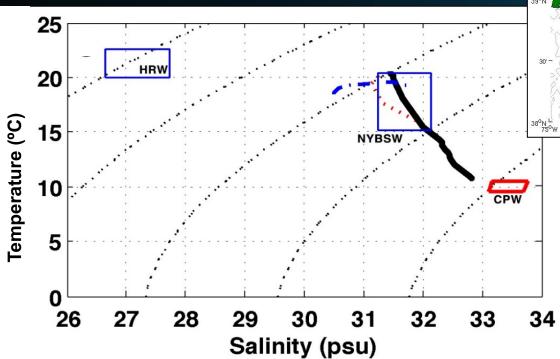




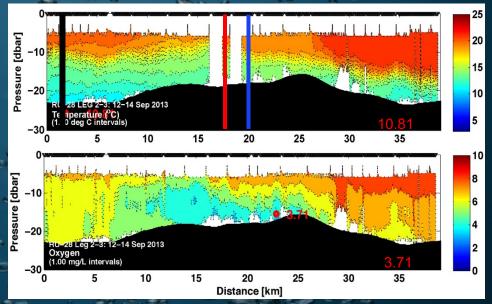
Water Mass Analysis



Mid Transect T-Min -10.81 Most Coastward STA 873 red STA 351 black STA 893 blue



RU-28 vs. RU-23 SEPTEMBER 2013



WM Contributions STA 873 red

Top: 16% CPW

75% NYBSW

10% HR

Bottom: 67% CPW

22% NYBSW

11% HR

September 2013 Definitions:

MAB Cold Pool Water - CPW

T: 9.489 °C - 10.511°C RU23: Leg 2 profile

S: 33.18 PSU - 33.78 PSU

New York Bight Surface Water - NYBSW

T: 15.15 °C - 20.43°C RU28: Leg 1 profile

S: 31.23 PSU - 32.13 PSU

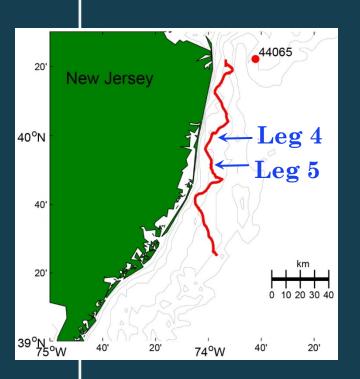
Hudson- Raritan River Water - HRW

T: 19.98 °C - 22.57 °C

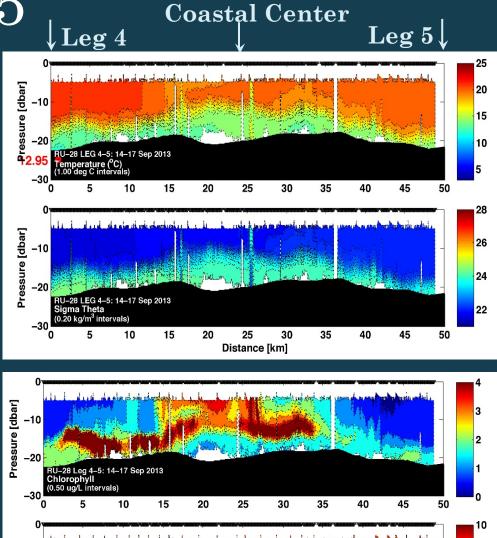
NY-EPA:

S: 26.64 PSU - 27.74 PSU Old Orchard Light

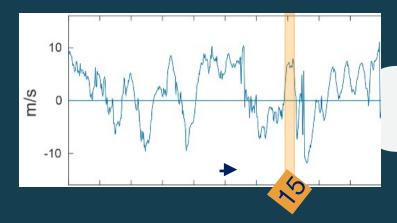
RU28: Leg 4-5 Sept 14-17

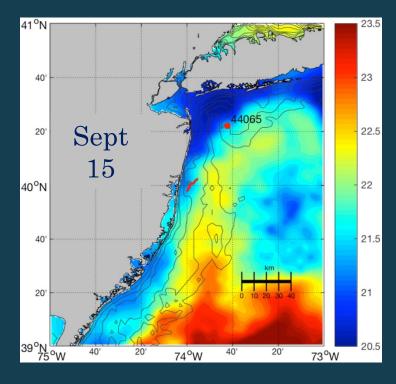


Pressure [dbar]



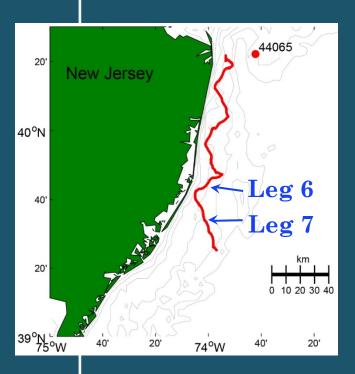
Distance [km]

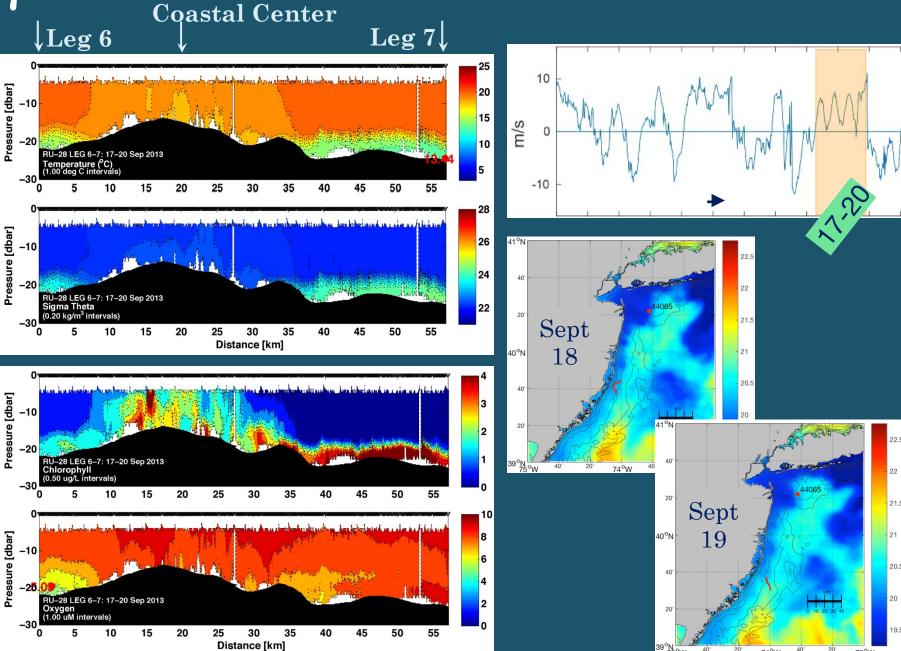




RU28: Leg 6-7 Sept 17-20

Raised Bathymetry





Summary

- Found uplifted thermocline /pycnocline in response to upwelling favorable
- Identified a SST cold patch consistent with upwelling.
- Identified CODAR derived currents consistent with upwelling favorable winds.
- Found hypoxia under aggregations of chlorophyll-a.
- Cold Pool water mixing in the T-min profile Leg 2 &3.

Future Plans: Compare the glider depth averaged velocities to the data set.

Many Thanks!

This research has benefited significantly through advisement from <u>Dr. Wendell Brown</u> and <u>Richard Arena</u>.

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