

Gliders and the U.S. AMLR Program

Developing an autonomous monitoring and assessment program in the Antarctic

U. S. Antarctic Marine Living Resources Program (AMLR)
Antarctic Ecosystem Research Division
Southwest Fisheries Science Center, NOAA Fisheries

Long-term ecosystem assessments based on shipborne studies

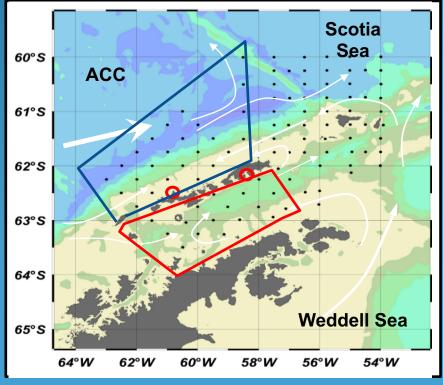






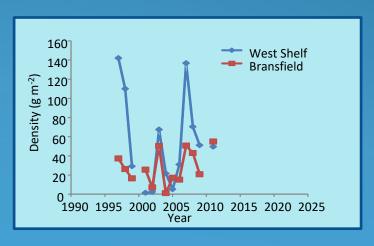








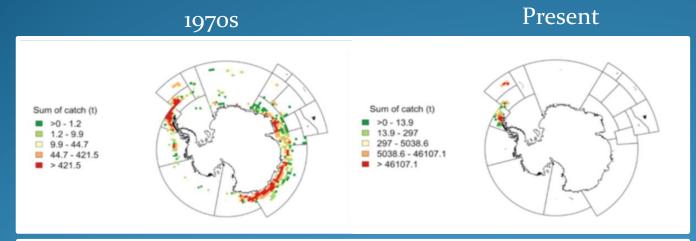
Krill Density



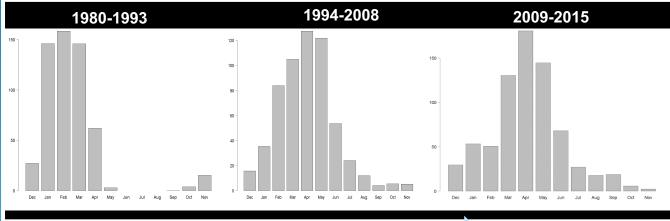


Time and spatial scales of management have changed





Concentration of fishing effort and extraction



Shifts in the seasonality of the fishery (climate and commercial)

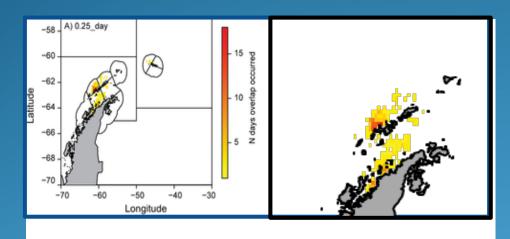
Fishery shifting

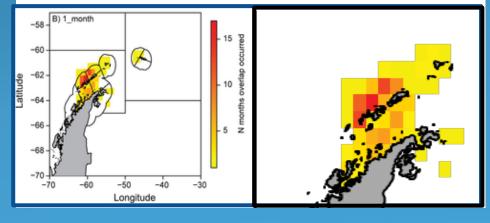


Changing fisheries means changing interactions



Overlap between predators and the krill fishery





Management implications

Time and space scales of interactions are changing

Fishery allocations based on broad average biomass less relevant

Solution

Monitor krill / predator / fishery issues at smaller scales

Develop management strategies for finer scales



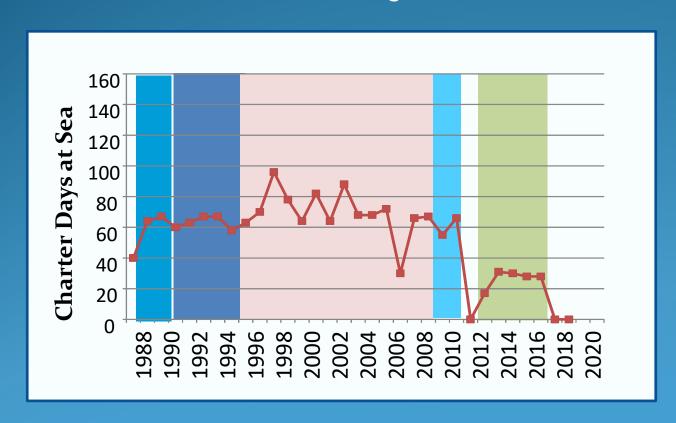
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Costs of shiptime are prohibitive



U.S. AMLR Program



Flat / declining budgets
Increasing costs
Not flexible,
Ultimately, not sustainable

Impacts at-sea and land-based programs



How do we develop a new paradigm to replace annual cruise?



Needs

- A) Continue to estimate krill biomass for time-series
- B) Estimate krill flux and predator prey fishery interactions

Constraints

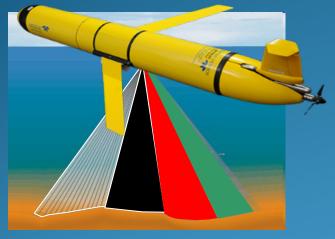
- 1) Must be flexible
- 2) Must be cheap (er than a ship charter)
- 3) Must be sustainable
- 4) Must be manageable by a small group (4-6)
- 5) Must provide data needed for management

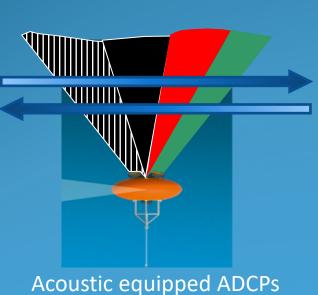


Idea



Acoustic equipped gliders

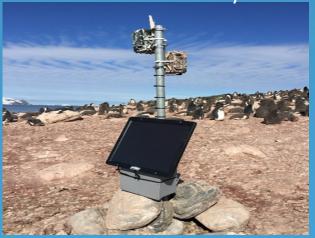




GPS TDR tags



Autonomous camera systems



Replace ship to be flexible

Measure interactions and variables at a variety of scales

Reinvest resources at camps

Use camera systems to extend and expand land-based studies

Aerial drones for counting populations

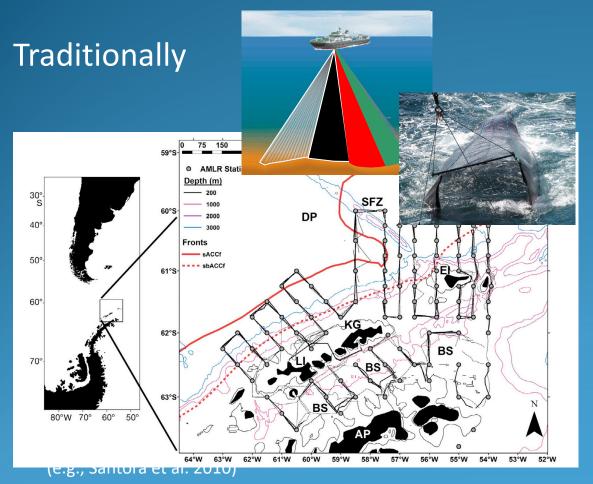
Shorter time at camps

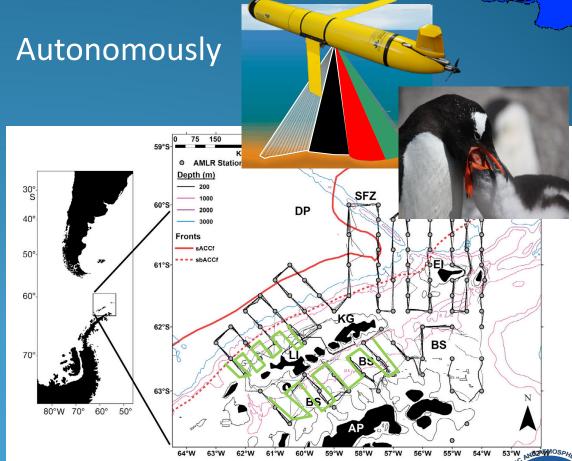


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Replace ship surveys with glider surveys





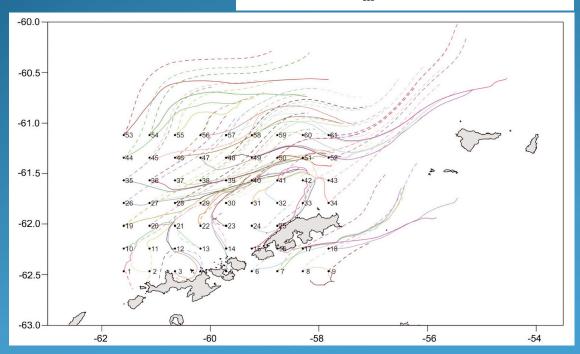
AMLR

Use acoustic moorings to estimate krill flux

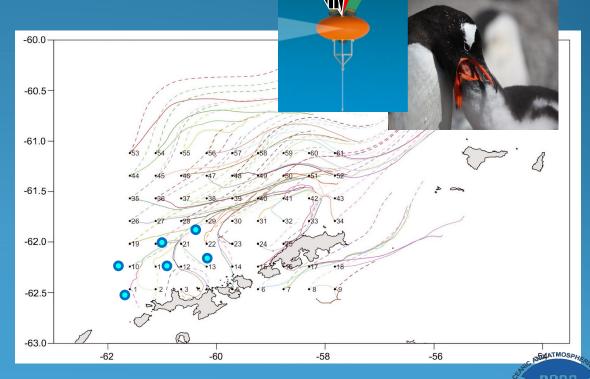


Traditionally

$$F(l, \vec{x}, t) = \max_{\vec{m}} \left[e^{-\beta(x)} \cdot F(l', \vec{x}', t+1) \right]$$



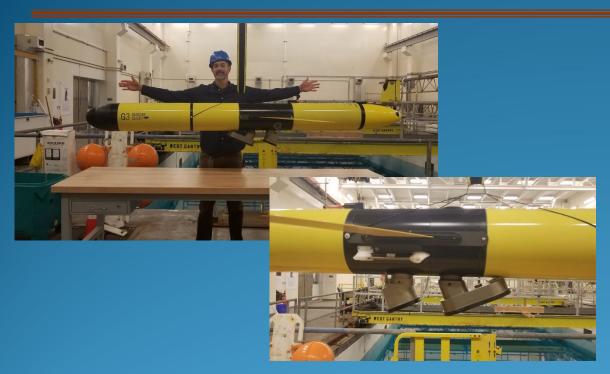
Autonomously



(e.g., Richerson et al. 2015)

Going All In (2017-18)







GLIDERS

Developed a standard glider configuration Four Teledyne G3 1000m Gliders (2.7 m, 100kgs)

- a) Seabird CTD
- b) Aanderaa Oxygen Optode
- c) Ecopuck (fluorometer, backscatter, CDOM)
- d) Extended battery bays
- e) propeller

Active Acoustic Package - Three frequency ASL AZFP (38, 67, 125kHz); Single beam, Narrow band

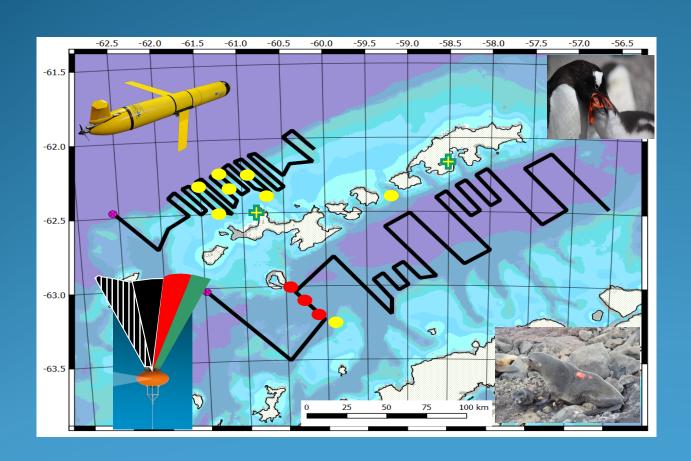
MOORINGS

Eight NORTEK Signature 100 integrated ADCPs and wideband echosounder (70 to 120 kHz) / CTDs



Our goal for first deployment (2018)





Multiple gliders (only two were ready)

Moorings 8 US AMLR, 3 IMR

Tags and other instrumentation on seals and penguins



Jumping In! Less than 12 months (2018)



Training

April (1 to 3 days)

June-July (weeks)



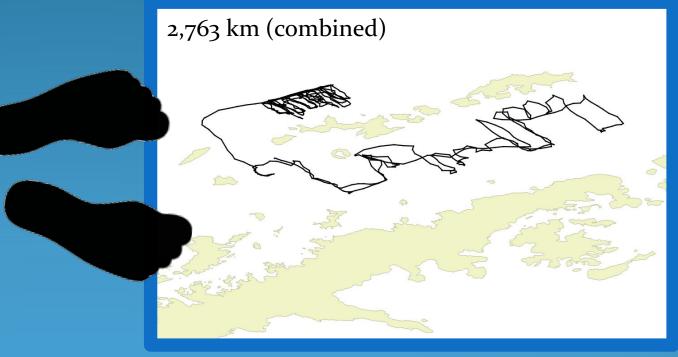
December to March (months)













Deployment details



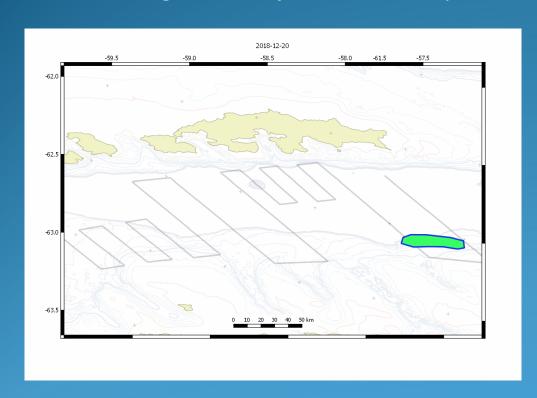


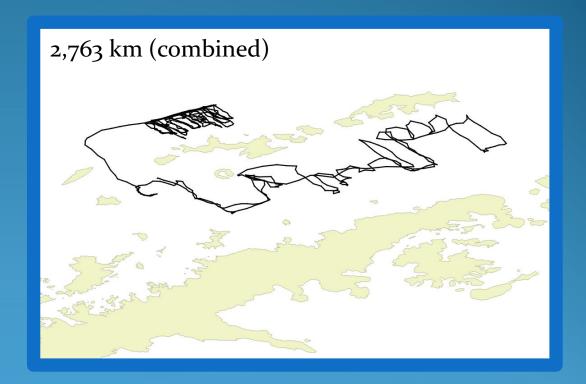
	Deploy	Recovery		Distance	Inflections	Profiles	Battery	Battery	Number of
	Date	Date	Days	(m)			Consumption	(%)	Iridium
							(Amp hrs)		Calls
AMLR01	12/16/18	3/8/19	82	1485	1426	684	409	57	470
AMLR02	12/11/18	3/8/19	87	1277	2815	1406	459	64	575

Challenges to piloting



Icebergs ARE a major headache for pilots



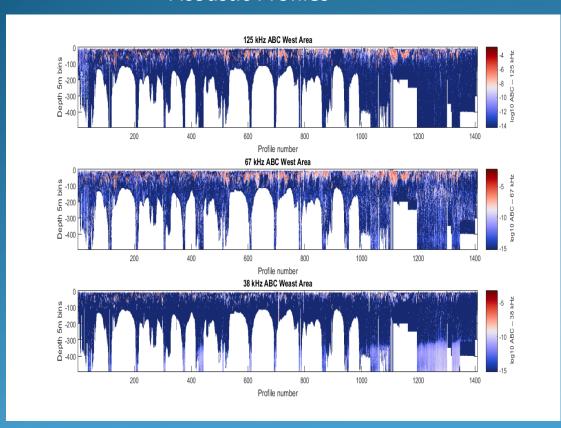




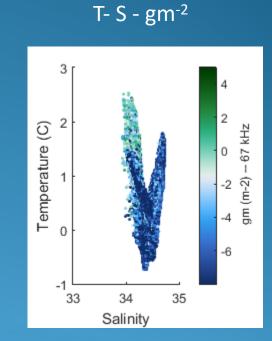
Integrated acoustic observations



Acoustic Profiles



Salinity



Fine scale environmental relationships

Calculate krill biomass



So how did we do - Two major questions



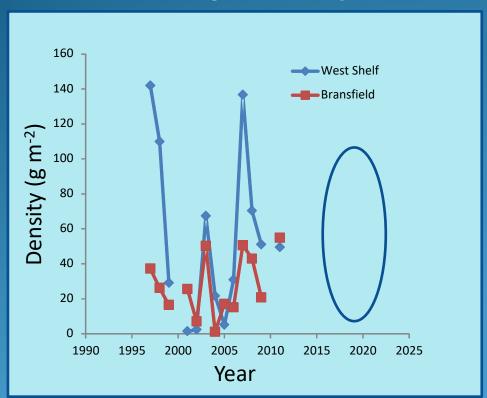
- A) Continue to estimate krill biomass for time-series
- B) Estimate krill flux and predator prey fishery interactions



Results



Estimating krill density



Estimating flux

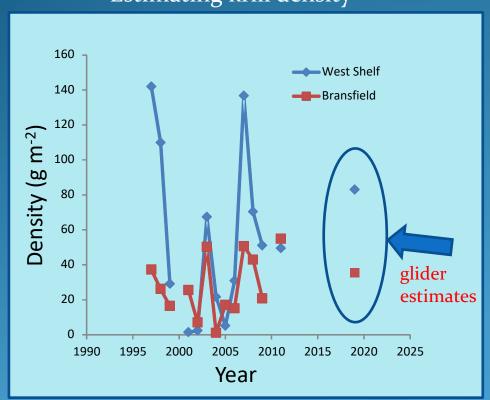




Success!



Estimating krill density



Estimating flux





FreeByrd – a longterm, flexible, multi-scale autonomous Ecosystem Research Program



Simultaneous observations at multiple scales

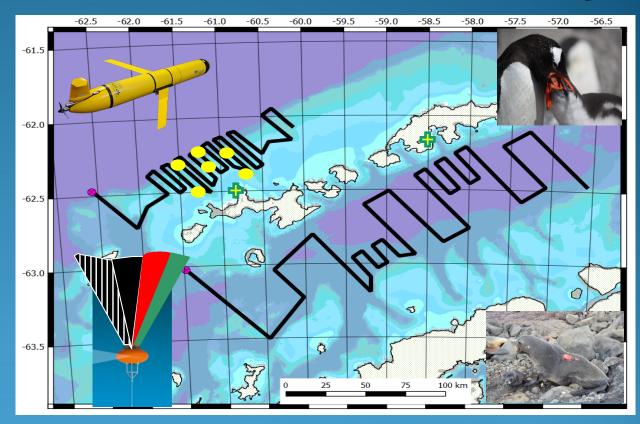
gliders + penguins → krill biomass

ADCP/Es → krill "flux"

GPS tags → predator foraging

Lower annual cost

savings → adapt to budget reality (free resources to do more)







QUESTIONS















